	LEGEND
	W\V = WATER VALVE
	W\M = WATER METER
	C\O = SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT
	INV. = INVERT B/O = BLOW OFF ASSEMBLY
	BFP = BACK FLOW PREVENTOR
	G\W = GUY WIRE
	SWMH = STORM MANHOLE
	GT. = GREASE TRAP
	F\H = FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY
	CR = CURB RAMP
	 SANITARY SEWER MH
	= TREE TO BE REMOVED
	W = WATER SERVICE
	SEWER CLEANOUT
	► = WATER VALVE
-	
	BUILDING SETBACK
	CENTERLINE
	EASEMENT
	COMPUTED PROPERTY LINE
	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE/PROJECT LIMITS
	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN
	PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
	WETLAND
	PROPOSED SIDEWALK
	HANDICAP CROSSING

STABILIZATION TIME FRAMES:

SITE AREA DESCRIPTION	STABILIZATION
Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches and slopes	7 DAYS
High Quality Water (HQW) Zones	7 DAYS
Slopes steeper than 3:1	7 DAYS
Slopes 3:1 or flatter	14 DAYS
All other areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14 DAYS

NOTE WELL: ANY AREAS ON-SITE WITHOUT ACTIVITY SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 15 WORKING DAYS OR 21 CALENDAR DAYS AND AS ABOVE. ALL SLOPES MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN 21 CALENDAR DAYS OF CEASE OF ANY ACTIVITY. DETAILS SHOWN ARE TYPICAL OF INSTALLATIONS REQUIRED BY THE TOWN AND COUNTY.

THIS SHEET DOES NOT PURPORT TO SHOW ALL REQUIRED CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, BUT RATHER SERVES AS A GUIDE. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADHERING TO ALL CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CODES AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS.

No geotechnical testing has been performed on site. No warranty is made for suitability of subgrade, and undercut and any required replacement with suitable material shall be the responsibility

of the contractor.

	INDEX TO DRAWINGS	1
SHEET No.	DESCRIPTION	
1 OF 9	COVER SHEET	
2 OF 9	GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS	
3 OF 9	GENERAL NOTES & DETAILS	
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5 OF 9	EXISTING CONDITIONS & TREE SURVEY	
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EC-4	EROSION CONTROL AND DRAINAGE	
L1	LANDSCAPE PLAN	

Comelius Harnet Drive HARRY E. RIMEL JUDY W. RUMEL BK 5211 PG 1523 ZONING :LI- LIGHT INDUSTRIAL LAND USE: 501- BIG/BOX WHOLESALE

N.

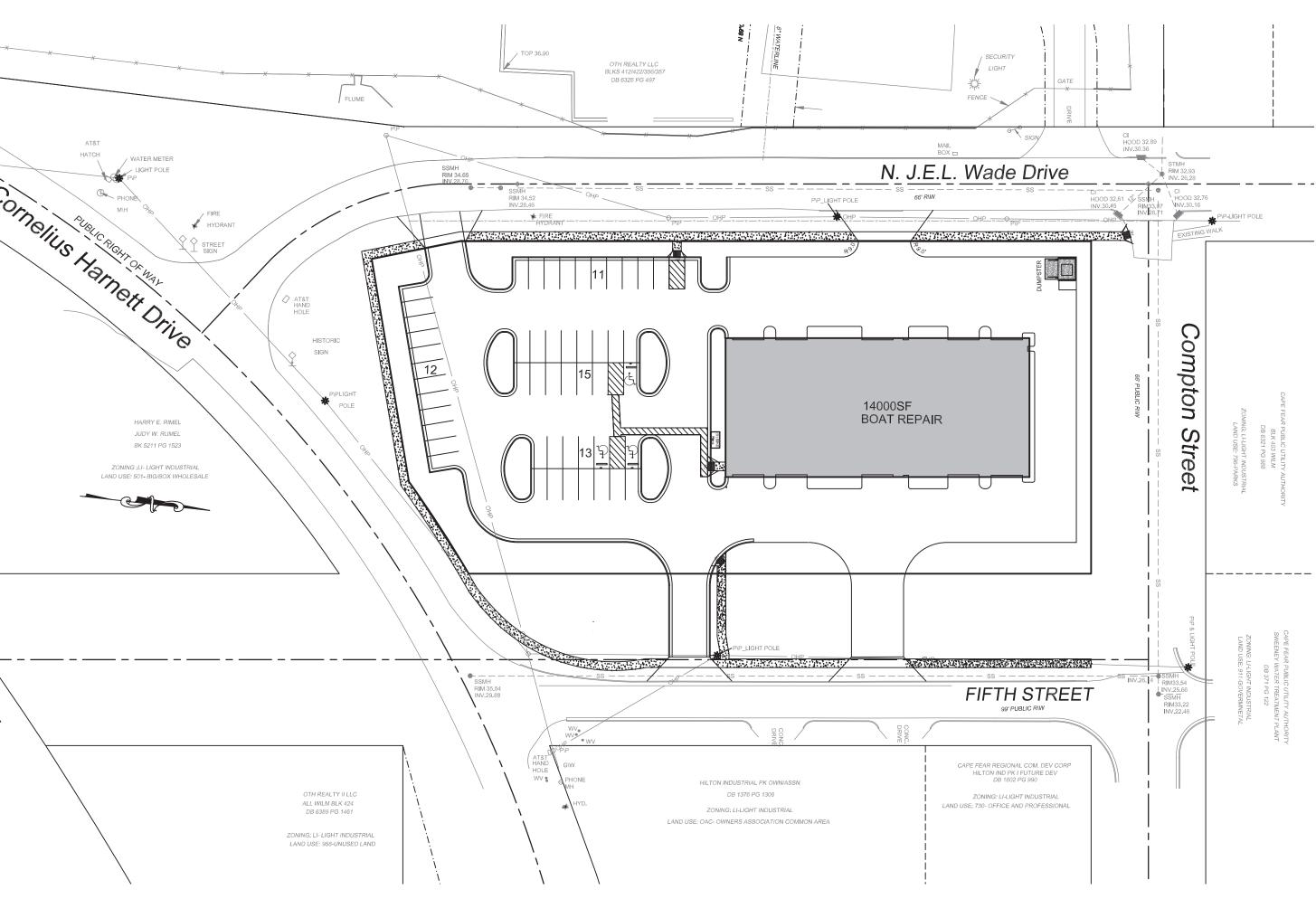
PARKING MINIMUM PARKING REQUIRED (1 PER 400 SF OF BLDG.) 35 SPACES MAXIMUM PARKING ALLOWED (1 PER 250 SF OF BLDG.) 56 SPACES TOTAL PARKING SHOWN 51 TOTAL SPACES ALL PARKING AND DRIVEWAY STRIPING TO COMPLY WITH CURRENT CITY ST ACCESSIBLE PARKING REQUIRED: 1 PER 25 ACCESSIBLE PARKING PROVIDED: 3 BICYCLE PARKING REQUIRED: 5 BICYCLE PARKING PROVIDED: 5

Fore City s shall City and/or

OFF THE HOOK YACHT SALES

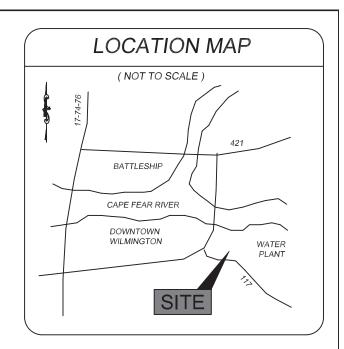
N. J.E.L. WADE DRIVE LOCATED IN THE CITY OF WILMINGTON, NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA DESCRIPTION OF WORK: GRADING, PAVING, DRAINAGE, AND UTILITIES OWNER: OTH REALTY LLC

1701 N J.E.L. WADE DR. WILMINGTON N.C. 28401



' STANDARDS			1" = 50'	
r each open utility cut of ty streets, a \$325 permit hall be required from the Dity prior to occupancy d/or project acceptance.	Approved Construction Plan <u>Name Date</u> Planning Traffic Fire	document, in whole or part, without	REVISED \TRC COMMENTS REVISED \TRC COMMENTS REVISED \TRC COMMENTS REVISIONS Notes, P.A., All rights reserved. Reproduction or use of the contents of this document, or additions t written consent of the Land Surveyor or Engineer, is prohibited. Only copies from the original of the and original seal of the Surveyor or Engineer, shall be considered to be valid and true copies.	or de

RECEIVED By Jeff Walton at 11:02 am, Apr 26, 2022



	INFORMATION CONCERNING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WAS OBTAINED FROM AVAILABLE RECORDS. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO DETERMINE THE EXACT ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AT ALL CROSSINGS PRIOR TO COMMENCING TRENCH EXCAVATION. IF ACTUAL CLEARANCES ARE LESS
	THAN INDICATED ON PLAN, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE DESIGN ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. ANY CONDITION DISCOVERED OR EXISTING THAT WOULD NECESSITATE A MODIFICATION OF THESE PLANS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION
	OF THE DESIGN ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. . NO CONSTRUCTION IS TO BEGIN BEFORE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES HAS BEEN DETERMINED. CALL "NC ONE-CALL" AT LEAST
3	48 HOURS BEFORE COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. ALL TREES WHICH ARE NOT REQUIRED TO BE CLEARED FOR
	CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PRESERVED WHEREVER POSSIBLE UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.
4	. CONTRACTOR SHALL ADJUST ALL MANHOLES, VALVE AND CURB BOXES TO THE FINAL GRADE UPON COMPLETION OF ALL CONSTRUCTION. ANY BOXES DAMAGED OR OTHERWISE DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REPAIRED AT THE EXPENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR.
5	. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTROLLING DUST AND EROSION DURING CONSTRUCTION AT HIS EXPENSE. PARKING AREAS SHALL BE WATERED TO CONTROL DUST WHEN ORDERED BY THE ENGINEER.
	NO GEOTECHNICAL TESTING HAS BEEN PERFORMED ON SITE. NO WARRANTY IS MADE FOR SUITABILITY OF SUBGRADE, AND UNDERCUT AND ANY REQUIRED REPLACEMENT WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
	CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR GEOTECHNICAL TESTING AS NECESSARY. EXTREME CARE SHALL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE MINIMUM SEPARATIONS AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS.
	CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THAT STREET PAVEMENT IS PLACED SO AS TO DRAIN POSITIVELY TO THE ROADWAY INLETS AND CATCH BASINS.
	CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL REQUIRED PERMITS.
	. THIS PLAN IS FOR SITE UTILITIES, GRADING, ROADWORK, AND DRAINAGE ONLY. . AFFECTED NON-MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SHALL BE CONTACTED AND PROVIDED
, ,	WITH PLANS AND OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION, WHEN FEASIBLE, TO COORDINATE APPROPRIATE SCHEDULING AND PLACEMENT. AT THE MINIMUM
	THIS SHOULD INCLUDE AT&T AND DUKE (PROGRESS) ENERGY.
	2. ALL CONSTRUCTION TO CONFORM TO CITY STANDARDS AND ALL APPLICABLE STATE & LOCAL CODES.
	3. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE ANY REQUIRED TRAFFIC CONTROL WITH THE STATE AND CITY. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ADDITIONAL REQUIRED PERMITS.
14	I. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN DURING FINAL GRADING TO ENSURE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO RECEIVING STRUCTURES. ALL STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM BUILT UPON AREAS (i.e. IMPERVIOUS SURFACES and ROOF DRAINAGE) TO BE DIRECTED TO STORM SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEM (i.e. STORM INLETS OR PONDS) BY SWALES, OVERLAND FLOW, ADDITIONAL GRADING, OR LANDSCAPING INLETS.
16	<i>CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION OF ANY RELOCATIONS, REALIGNMENTS, DISCONNECTIONS OR CONNECTIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES WITH APPLICABLE AUTHORITIES.</i>
17	7. CLEARING AND GRUBBING OF SITE TO INCLUDE REMOVAL OF EXISTING CURB, ASPHALT, INLETS, AND ANY OTHER STRUCTURES INCLUDING TREES, STUMPS AND DEBRIS EXISTING ON SITE. TREES NOT REQUIRED TO BE CLEARED FOR CONSTRUCTION SHALL REMAIN UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.
18	3. ALL SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL MEET NCDOT AND MUTCD STANDARD
19	. SANITARY SERVICES SMALLER THAN 8" SHALL HAVE CLEANOUTS AT INTERVALS OF NOT MORE THAN 100'. CLEANOUTS SHALL BE PROVIDE FOR SERVICE LINES AND BUILDING DRAINS THAT HAVE HORIZONTAL DIRECTION CHANGES GREATER THAN 45 DEGREES.
20	. SEE 2018 IPC FOR FURTHER GUIDANCE ON UTILITY SERVICE REQUIRMENTS.
21	PRIOR TO ANY CLEARING, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, TREE PROTECTIO FENCING WILL BE INSTALLED AROUND PROTECTED TREES OR GROVES OF TREES. NO CONSTRUCTION WOKERS, TOOLS, MATERIALS, OR VEHICLES ARE PERMITED WITHIN THE TREE PROTECTION FENCING.

- 2. A portion of this property is located within in the 0.2% SFHA according to Flood Insurance Rate Map Community ID#
- 3720314500 suffix K effective date 8/28/2018 3. This property is zoned CB-COMMUNITY BUSINESS, City of Wilmington.
- 4. Water service to be CFPUA (public).
- 5. Sewer service to be CFPUA (public).
- 6. Topographic data furnished by Bateman Civil Survey Company. 7. No Wetlands exist on site

	PRELIMINARY PLAN	
	SITE PLAN OFF THE HOOK YACHT SALES N.E. CAPE FEAR RIVER FACILITY	Date: 4-21-2022 Scale: HORZ.: 1"= 50'
	CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP, NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	Drawn:
4-21-2022	OWNER: OTH REALTY LLC 1701 N J.E.L. WADE DR.	Checked: AHG Project No:
4-05-2022	WILMINGTON N.C. 28401	4372
DATE	HANOVER DESIGN SERVICES, P.A. LAND SURVEYORS, ENGINEERS & LAND PLANNERS	Sheet No:
s document,	1123 FLORAL PARKWAY WILMINGTON, N.C. 28403 PHONE: (910) 343-8002 LICENSE # C-0597	9 of:

1 CITY STANDARD NOTES: INSTALLED AROUND PROTECTED TREES OR GROVES OF TREES AND NO CONSTRUCTION WORKERS. TOOLS.

- MATERIALS, OR VEHICLES ARE PERMITTED WITHIN THE TREE PROTECTION FENCING. 2. ANY TREES AND / OR AREAS DESIGNATED TO BE PROTECTED MUST BE PROPERLY
- BARRICADED WITH FENCING AND PROTECTED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION TO INSURE THAT NO CLEARING, GRADING OR STAGING OF MATERIALS WILL OCCUR IN THOSE AREAS. 3. NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON SITE UNTIL ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCING AND SILT
- FENCING IS INSTALLED AND APPROVED. PROTECTIVE FENCING IS TO BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT, AND CONTRACTORS SHALL RECEIVE ADEQUATE INSTRUCTION ON TREE PROTECTION METHODS.

TRAFFIC ENGINEERING

- 4. ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS IN PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND FOR DRIVEWAYS ARE TO BE THERMOPLASTIC AND MEET CITY, MUTCD, AND/OR NCDOT STANDARDS.
- 5. ONCE STREETS ARE OPEN TO TRAFFIC, CONTACT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING TO REQUEST INSTALLATION OF TRAFFIC AND STREET NAME SIGNS. PROPOSED STREET NAMES MUST BE APPROVED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF STREET NAME SIGNS.
- 6. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (INCLUDING SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS) IN AREAS OPEN TO PUBLIC TRAFFIC ARE TO MEET MUTCD (MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES) STANDARDS.
- 7. CONTACT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AT 341-7888 TO ENSURE THAT ALL TRAFFIC SIGNAL FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT ARE SHOWN ON THE PLAN.
- 8. CONTACT 811 PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION. CALL TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AT 341-7888 FORTY-EIGHT HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY.
- 9. TRAFFIC ENGINEERING MUST APPROVE OF PAVEMENT MARKING PRIOR TO ACTUAL STRIPING.
- 10. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS AND MARKINGS OFF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY ARE TO BE
- MAINTAINED BY THE OWNER IN ACCORDANCE WITH MUTCH STANDARDS
- 11. STOP SIGNS AND STREET SIGNS TO REMAIN IN PLACE DURING CONSTRUCTION. 12. TACTILE WARNING MATS WILL BE INSTALLED ON ALL WHEELCHAIR RAMPS.
- 13. A UTILITY CUT PERMIT IS REQUIRED FOR EACH OPEN CUT OF A CITY STREET. IN CERTAIN
- CASES ENTIRE RESURFACING OF THE OPEN CUT AREA MAY BE REQUIRED
- 14. ANY BROKEN OR MISSING SIDEWALK, DRIVEWAY PANELS OR CURBING SHALL BE REPLACED WHETHER DAMAGED DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION OR DAMAGE WAS EXISTING
- 15. PRIOR TO ENTERING ANY AGREEMENT REGARDING THE SALE OF A HOUSE OR LOT IN A SUBDIVISION, THE BUYER MUST RECEIVE A STREET DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
- 16. ALL PROPOSED VEGETATION WITHIN SIGHT TRIANGLES SHALL NOT INTERFERE WITH CLEAR VISUAL SITE LINES FROM 30" TO 10'
- 17. CONTACT THE CITY AT 341-7888 TO DISCUSS STREET LIGHTING OPTIONS. PROPOSED APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON PLANS
- STREET LIGHTS SHALL BE DEP ENCLOSED CUTOFF (COBRA TYPE), HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM VAPOR (HPSV)
- DESIGNATED LED EQUIVALENT FIXTURE INSTALLED WITHIN THE RECOMMENDED RANGE OF MOUNTING HEIGHTS
- FOR THE SPECIFIC FIXTURE. THE STANDARD STREET LIGHT SHALL BE INSTALLED ON A FIBERGLASS POLE. CITY TECHNICAL STANDARDS FOR FURTHER DETAIL.

GENERAL UTILITY NOTES

- 19. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE SHALL MEET CAPE FEAR PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITY (CFPUA) DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 20. PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CAPE FEAR PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITY CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL REQUIREMENTS. WATER METERS CANNOT BE RELEASED UNTIL ALL REQUIREMENTS ARE MET AND THE STATE HAS GIVEN THEIR FINAL APPROVAL. CALL 343-3910 FOR INFORMATION.
- 21. IF THE CONTRACTOR DESIRES CFPUA WATER FOR CONSTRUCTION HE SHALL APPLY IN ADVANCE FOR THIS SERVICE AND MUST PROVIDE A REDUCED PRESSURE ZONE (RPZ) BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICE ON THE DEVELOPER'S SIDE OF THE WATER METER BOX.
- 22. ANY IRRIGATION SYSTEM SUPPLIED BY CFPUA WATER SHALL COMPLY WITH CFPUA CROSS CONNECTION CONTROL REGULATIONS. CALL 343-3910 FOR INFORMATION.
- 23. ANY IRRIGATION SYSTEM SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH A RAIN AND FREEZER SENSOR.
- 24. ANY BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICES REQUIRED BY CFPUA WILL NEED TO BE ON THE LIST OF APPROVED DEVICES BY USCFCCCHR OR ASSE.
- 25. CONTRACTOR TO FIELD VERIFY EXISTING WATER AND SEWER SERVICE LOCATIONS, SIZES
- AND MATERIALS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER TO BE NOTIFIED OF ANY CONFLICTS. 26. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN ALL-WEATHER ACCESS FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES AT ALL
- TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION. 27. UNDERGROUND FIRE LINES MUST BE PERMITTED AND INSPECTED BY THE WILMINGTON FIRE
- DEPARTMENT FROM THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY TO THE BUILDING. CONTACT THE WILMINGTON FIRE DEPARTMENT DIVISION OF FIRE AND LIFE SAFETY AT 910-341-0696.
- 28. CONTACT THE NORTH CAROLINA ONE CALL CENTER AT 1-800-632-4949 PRIOR TO ANY DIGGING, CLEARING OR GRADING.
- 29. ANY PVC MAINS ARE TO BE MARKED WITH NO.10 INSULATED COPPER WIRE INSTALLED THE ENTIRE LENGTH AND ATTACHED TO THE PIPE AND STRIPPED TO BARE WIRE AND SECURED TO ALL VALVES AND FITTINGS, ACCESSIBLE IN ALL VALVE AND METER BOXES. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL MAINTAIN A MINIMUM OF 3' OF COVER.

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

- 1. THIS MAP IS PRELIMINARY, NOT INTENDED FOR RECORDATION, SALES, OR CONVEYANCE.
- 2. ALL DISTANCES AS SHOWN ARE HORIZONTAL
- 3. SEWER PROVIDED BY CFPUA
- 4. WATER PROVIDED BY CFPUA
- 5. SITE WILL MEET ALL ZONING REQUIREMENTS.
- 6. REGULATED TREES ON SITE TO BE PRESERVED AS SHOWN.
- 7. STRIPING AND LANES TO CITY STANDARDS (THERMOPLASTIC).
- 8. NO VEHICULAR ACCESS TO SITE EXCEPT AS SHOWN.
- 9. ALL UTILITIES UNDERGROUND.
- 10. LANDSCAPING AND LIGHTING PLAN BY OTHERS.
- 11. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE STAGING OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH THE OWNER AND ARCHITECT TO FACILITATE ONGOING ADJOINING BUSINESS ACTIVITIES.

12. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE REMOVAL AND RELOCATION OF LIGHTING AND OTHER NON-MUNICIPAL UTILITIES SUCH AS ELECTRICAL AND TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS WITH THE AFFECTED AGENCIES AND THE OWNER AND ARCHITECT.

13. ALL SERVICES TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY and CFPUA TECHNICAL STANDARDS.

ADDITIONAL ADA NOTES:

- REFER TO 2018 NCDOT ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS NUMBER 848.05 -
- 848.06 FOR RAMP DESIGN AND DETAILS. 2. ALL RAMPS RAMPS, HANDICAP PARKING, AND ACCESSIBLE ROUTES SHALL
- COMPLY WITH THE LATEST ADA GUIDELINES B. RUNNING SLOPES ALONG AN ACCESSIBLE ROUTE EXCEEDING 150 SHALL BE
- CONSIDERED A RAMP 4. 8.33% (12:1) MAX RAMP SLOPE
- 5. MAXIMUM CROSS SLOPE ALLOWED ALONG ACCESSIBLE ROUTES: 2.00%
- 6. ALL CURB RAMPS REQUIRE A (4'-0") MINIMUM LANDING WITH A MAXIMUM CROSS SLOPE AND LONGITUDINAL SLOPE OF 2.00% WHERE PEDESTRIANS
- PERFORM TURNING MANEUVERS. SLOPE TO DRAIN TO CURB. 7. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE SLOPES IN HANDICAP PARKING STALLS AND ACCESS ISLES DO NOT TO EXCEED 2% IN ANY DIRECTION.

ADDITIONAL NOTES CONT.:

- 14. This property is not located within a special flood hazard area according to Flood Insurance Rate Map Community Panel #37203126J, effective date April 3, 2006.
- 15. Handicap Ramps shall be provided at all intersections.
- 16. 15 suitable trees per acre are to be preserved or planted in accordance with City of Wilmington standards.
- 17. Refuse collection by dumpster and private hauler.

18. Reflectors shall Be Installed As Per City And NCDOT Standards

- 19. Per the requirements of the stormwater permit, the following shall occur prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy or operation of the permitted facility.
- * As-built drawings for all stormwater management facilities shall be submitted to the city of Wilmington engineering division. * An engineer's certification shall also be submitted, along with all supporting documentation that specifies, under seal that the as-built stormwater measures, controls and devices are in compliance with the approved stormwater management plans. * A final inspection by city of Wilmington engineering personnel
- 20. All required easement maps shall be reviewed by city staff and recorded prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

UTILITY NOTES

TRAFFIC AREAS.

SEWER AND WATER TO BE PUBLIC AND PROVIDED BY CFPUA. SPECIFIC LOCATION, SIZING, AND DETAILS WILL BE PROVIDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND ARE TO BE APPROVED BY CFPUA AND CITY ENGINEERS.

1. CFPUA STANDARD DETAIL SHEETS FOR SEWER AND WATER TAPS TO BE INCLUDED AS A PART OF THIS PLAN, ATTACHED.

2. 48-HOUR NOTICE AND 3 COMPLETE SETS OF PLANS REQUIRED FOR PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING BY CONTRACTOR.

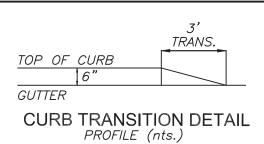
3. NCDOT ENCROACHMENT REQUIRED FOR ANY WORK IN PUBLIC R/W.

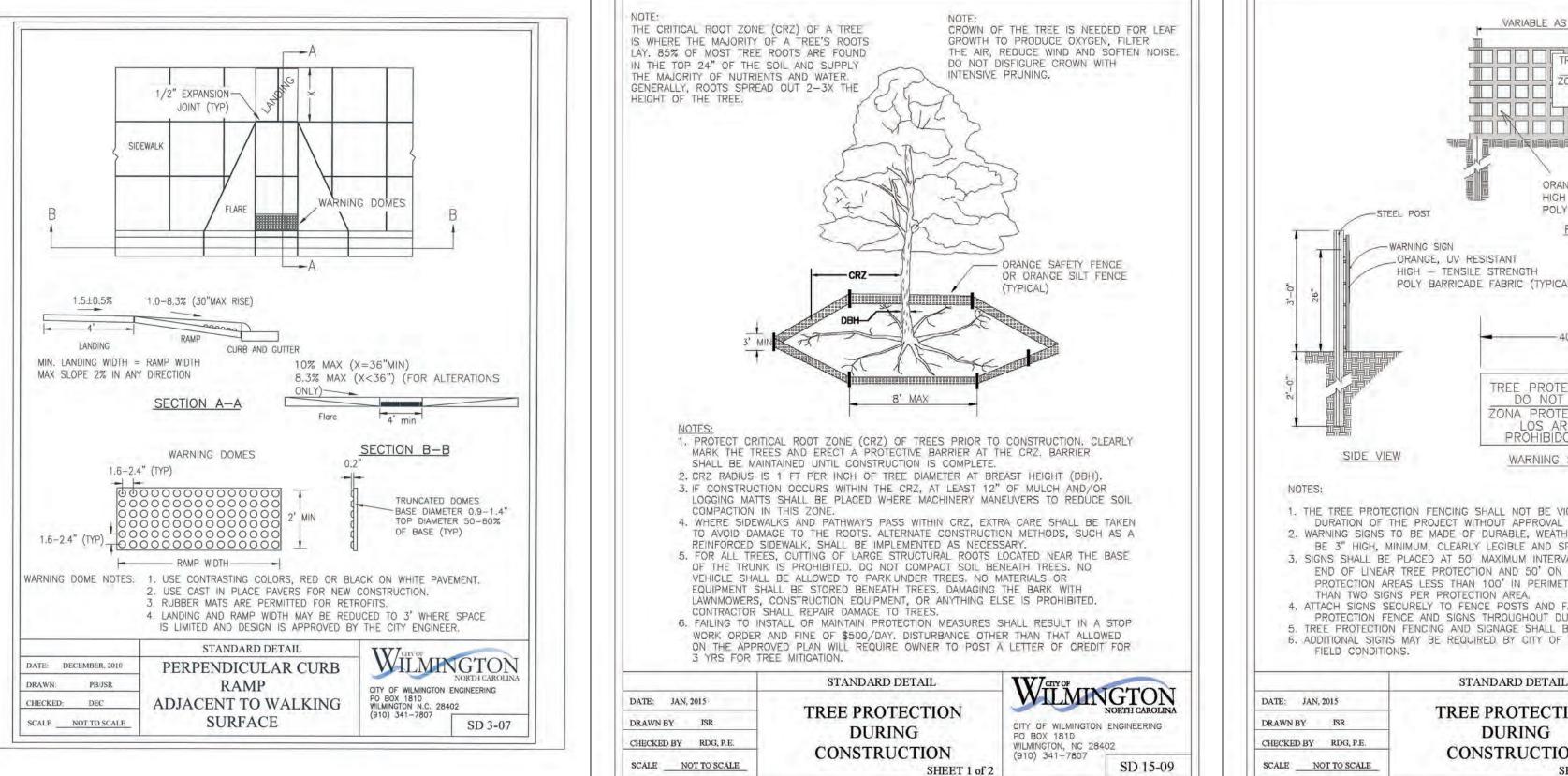
4. ALL FEES TO BE PAID PRIOR TO PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.

- CAPE FEAR PUBLIC UTILITY AUTHORITY STANDARD NOTES:
- 1. SEWER GUARDS REQUIRED AT ALL MANHOLES. STAINLESS STEEL SEWER GUARDS REQUIRED AT MANHOLES LOCATED IN
- WATER AND SEWER SERVICES SHALL BE PERPENDICULAR TO MAIN AND TERMINATE AT RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE. SEWER SERVICES IN CUL-DE-SACS ARE REQUIRED TO BE PERPENDICULAR, OR MUST ORIGINATE IN THE END OF LINE MANHOLE AND TERMINATE AT RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE
- 3. ALL SERVICES TYING INTO DUCTILE IRON MAINS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF CLASS 50, DIP, WITH PROTECTO 401 CERAMIC EPOXY LINING
- MINIMUM 10' UTILITIES EASEMENT PROVIDED ALONG THE FRONTAGE OF ALL LOTS AND AS SHOWN FOR NEW DEVELOPMENTS.
- 5. NO FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS SHALL BE USED.
- 6. ALL STAINLESS STEEL FASTENERS SHALL BE 316.
- 7. CLEANOUTS SHALL BE LOCATED A MINIMUM OF 12 FEET FROM
- 8. ALL PROPERTY CORNERS. WATER METER BOXES ARE TO BE A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET FROM THE PROPERTY CORNER.

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

CFPUA PERMIT REQUIRED FOR ANY UTILITY SERVICES WORK. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR PERMIT AND COORDINATION WITH CFPUA. ALL SERVICES TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY and CFPUA TECHNICAL STANDARDS.





ADDITIONAL UTILITY/GRADING NOTES

- 1. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN DURING FINAL GRADING TO ENSURE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO RECEIVING STRUCTURES. ALL STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM BUILT UPON AREAS (i.e. IMPERVIOUS SURFACES and ROOF DRAINAGE) TO BE DIRECTED TO STORM SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEM (i.e. STORM INLETS OR PONDS) BY SWALES, OVERLAND FLOW, ADDITIONAL GRADING, OR LANDSCAPING INLETS.
- 2. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION OF ANY RELOCATIONS, REALIGNMENTS, DISCONNECTIONS OR CONNECTIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES WITH APPLICABLE AUTHORITIES.
- 3. CLEARING AND GRUBBING OF SITE TO INCLUDE REMOVAL OF EXISTING CURB, ASPHALT, INLETS, AND ANY OTHER STRUCTURES INCLUDING TREES, STUMPS AND DEBRIS EXISTING ON SITE. TREES NOT REQUIRED TO BE CLEARED FOR CONSTRUCTION SHALL REMAIN UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.
- 4. MINIMUM SEPARATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS FOLLOWS: a. HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE OF 10 FEET BETWEEN SANITARY SEWER AND WATER MAINS
- b. HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE OF 10 FEET BETWEEN STORM SEWER AND WATER MAINS. c. WHERE VERTICAL CLEARANCE IS LESS THAN 18" BETWEEN SANITARY SEWER AND WATER OR WHERE SEWER LINE CROSSES ABOVE WATER MAIN, BOTH PIPES SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PIPE FOR A MINIMUM
- OF 10' EITHER SIDE OF CROSSING d. WHERE VERTICAL CLEARANCE IS LESS THAN 24" BETWEEN SANITARY SEWER AND STORM DRAIN, SANITARY SEWER SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PIPE FOR A MINIMUM OF 10' EITHER SIDE OF CROSSING. e. WHERE VERTICAL CLEARANCE IS LESS THAN 18" BETWEEN WATER MAIN AND STORM DRAIN, WATER MAIN SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON
- 4. SEE DETAIL SHEETS FOR TYPICAL UTILITIES HOOKUPS.
- 5. ALL STREETS ARE PROPOSED TO BE PUBLIC (BUILT TO CITY OF WILMINGTON

PIPE FOR A MINIMUM OF 10' EITHER SIDE OF CROSSING.

- STANDARDS/ N.C.D.O.T. PAVEMENT AND SUBGRADE STANDARDS).
- 6. ALL SANITARY SEWER MAINS TO BE 8" UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- 7. ALL WATER MAINS TO BE 8" UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- 8. TWO VALVES ARE REQUIRED AT "T" INTERSECTIONS AND ONE VALVE ON THE WATER LINE TO FIRE HYDRANTS.
- 9. A BLOW-OFF VALVE IS REQUIRED AT THE TERMINUS OF ALL "DEAD END" WATER LINES.
- 10. SANITARY SEWER, STORM, WATER, AND OTHER PERTINENT DETAILS/SPECIFICATIONS TO BE PROVIDED WITH CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND SHALL MEET OR EXCEED CITY AND CFPUA DESIGN STANDARDS

ADDITIONAL FIRE DEPARTMENT NOTES:

- HYDRANTS MUST BE WITHIN 150' OF THE FDC - THE FDC MUST BE WITHIN 40' OF FIRE APPARATUS PLACEMENT
- LANDSCAPING MAY NOT BLOCK ANY FDC OR HYDRANT WITH A 3' CLEAR SPACE MAINTAINED AROUND THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE HYDRANT AND
- CONTRACTOR TO MAINTAIN ALL WEATHER ACCESS FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES DURING CONSTRUCTION
- HYDRANTS MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN 8' OF THE CURB - NEW HYDRANTS MUST BE AVAILABLE FOR USE PRIOR TO BUILDING
- CONSTRUCTION -ADDITIONAL FIRE PROTECTION AND/OR ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS MAY
- BE REQUIRED DUE TO ANY SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES CONCERNING THE PROJECT - CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A RADIO SIGNAL STRENGTH STUDY FOR ALL
- COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT EXISTING EMERGENCY RESPONDER RADIO SIGNAL LEVELS MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 510 OF THE 2018 NC FIRE CODE.
- -ALL ISOLATION VALVES WITHIN THE "HOT BOX" AND BETWEEN THE "HOT BOX" AND THE RISER ROOM, MUST BE ELECTRICALLY SUPERVISED. (IF SPRINKLER SYSTEM PRESENT

ADA NOTES

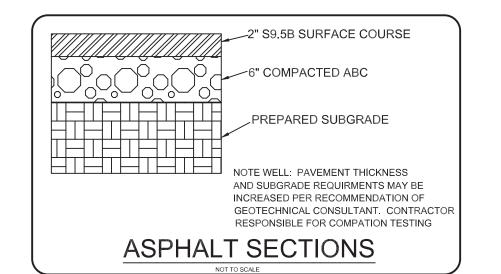
I. LOCATION OF WHEELCHAIR RAMPS:

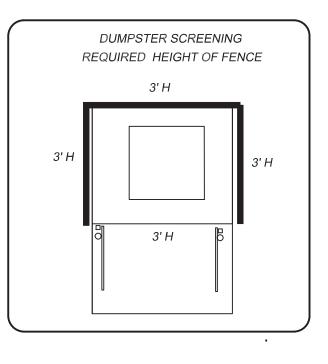
IN NORTH CAROLINA BEING CONSTRUCTED OR RECONSTRUCTED FOR MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES, TRAFFIC OPERATIONS, REPAIRS, CORRECTION OF UTILITIES OR ALTERED FOR ANY REASON AFTER SEPTEMBER 1973 SHALL PROVIDE WHEELCHAIR RAMPS FOR THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED AT ALL INTERSECTIONS WHERE BOTH CURB AND GUTTER AND SIDEWALKS ARE PROVIDED AND AT OTHER MAJOR POINTS OF PEDESTRIAN 2. WHEELCHAIR RAMPS SHOULD BE LOCATED AS INDICATED IN DETAIL

1. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RATIFIED HOUSE BILL 1296. ALL STREET CURBS

- DRAWINGS, HOWEVER EXISTING LIGHT POLES, FIRE HYDRANTS, DROP INLETS, ETC. MAY AFFECT PLACEMENT.
- II. CONSTRUCTION NOTES:
- 1. NO SLOPE SHALL EXCEED 1"=1" (12:1) ON THE RAMP OR SIDEWALK. 2. IN NO CASE SHALL THE WIDTH OF WHEELCHAIR RAMPS BE LESS THAN 40" (3'-4"). WIDTHS MAY EXCEED 40" IF NECESSARY
- 3. USE CLASS "A" CONCRETE WITH THE SURFACE HAVING A ROUGH, NON-SKID TYPE FINISH
- 4. 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT WILL BE REQUIRED WHERE THE CONCRETE WHEELCHAIR RAMP JOINS ANY RIGID PAVEMENT OR STRUCTURE.
- 5. CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM WITH THOSE OF THE GOVERNING BODY WHICH HAS JURISDICTION OF THE PARTICULAR STREET.
- 1. THE INSIDE PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK LINES SHALL BE ESTABLISHED BY BISECTING THE INTERSECTION RADI WHERE MARKED (SEE NOTE 6). 2. THE WHEELCHAIR RAMP SHALL BE LOCATED SO THAT THE BEGINNING OF THE WHEEL CHAIR RAMP WILL BE TWO FEET FROM THE INSIDE
- PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK LINE. 3. THE WIDTH OF THE PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK SHALL BE 10 FEET UNLESS A GREATER WIDTH IS REQUIRED TO ACCOMMODATE THE PEDESTRIAN 4. STOP BARS SHALL BE USED WHERE IT IS IMPORTANT TO INDICATE THE POINT BEHIND WHICH VEHICLES ARE REQUIRED TO STOP IN
- REQUIREMENTS. 5. PARKING SHALL BE ELIMINATED A MINIMUM OF 20 FEET BACK OF
- PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK. 6. ALL PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST
- EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES PUBLISHED BY THE FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION. THIS IS AVAILABLE FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS, U.S GOVERNMENT

OR LANDSCAPE INLETS. DRAIN POSITIVELY TO CURB INLETS AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES. SHEETS 1-3 AS LONG AS THE MINIMUM REQUIRED SLOPE IS MAINTAINED.







COMPLIANCE WITH A TRAFFIC SIGNAL, STOP SIGN, OR OTHER LEGAL

CITY OF	HIGTON NORTH CAROLINA
Public Services	Engineering Division
APPROVED STORMV	VATER MANAGEMENT PL

Approved Construction Plan Date Name

Traffic

For each open utility cut of City streets, a \$325 permit shall be required from the City prior to occupancy and/or project acceptance

ADDITIONAL STORM WATER NOTES

1. ALL STORM WATER RUNOFF FROM BUILT UPON AREAS (I.E. IMPERVIOUS SURFACES AND ROOF DRAINAGE) TO BE DIRECTED TO THE STORM SEWER COLLECTION SYSTEM (I.E. STORM INLETS OR PONDS) BY SWALES, OVERLAND FLOW, ADDITIONAL GRADING

2. CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE THAT STREET PAVEMENT AND CURBING IS PLACED TO

3. FOR STORM PIPE MATERIAL AND INSTALLATION SEE DETAILS AND NCDOT STANDARD DRAWINGS 300.1

4. ROOF DRAINS SHALL BE SIZED ACCORDING TO THE 2018 INTERNATIONAAL PLUMBING CODE AND ALL AND SHALL CONFORM TO ANY LOCAL REQUIREMENTS 5. ANY ROOF DRAIN LOCATIONS SHOWN HERE ARE APPROXIMATE AND MAY BE FIELD ADJUSTED

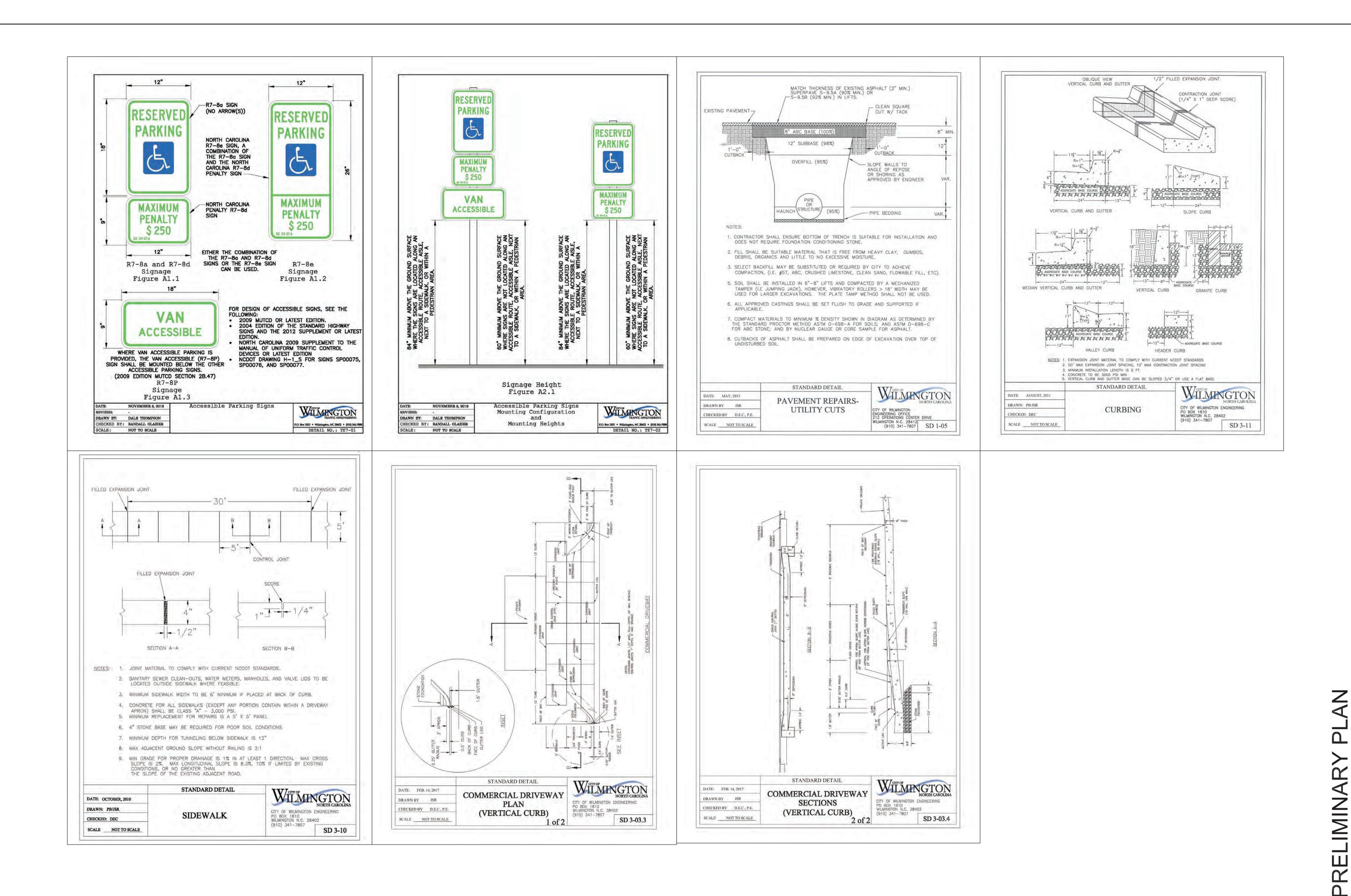
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	WITMINICTON
ON	CITY OF WILMINGTON ENGINEERING PO BOX 1810
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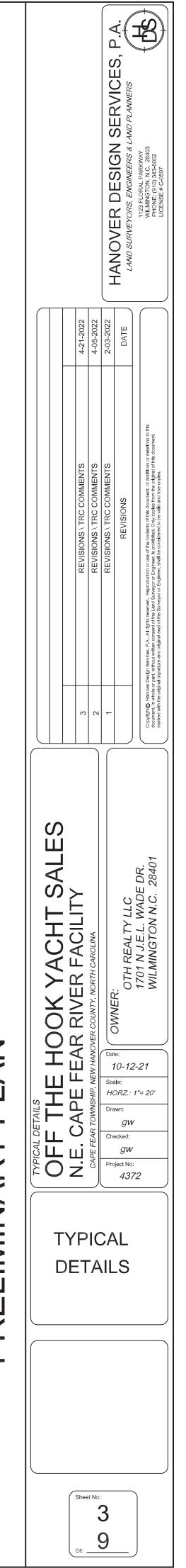
Public Services • Engineering Division				
APPROVED STORM	WATER MAN	AGEMENT PLAN		
Date:	Permit #			
Signed:				
Approve	d Constru	uction Plan		
	Name	Date	_	
anning				

For each open utility cut o
City streets, a \$325 permi
shall be required from the
City prior to occupancy
and/or project acceptance

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			LAND SURVEYORS, ENGINEERS & LAND PLANNERS	1123 FLORAL PARKWAY WILMINGTON, N.C. 28403 PHONE: (910) 343-8002 LICENSE # C-0597
4-21-2022	4-05-2022	02-03-2022	DATE	
3 REVISION / TRC COMMENTS	REVISION / TRC COMMENTS	REVISION / TRC COMMENTS	REVISIONS	Copyright©, Hanover Design Services, P.A., All rights reserved. Reproduction or use of the contents of this document, or additions or deletions to this document, in whole or part, without written consent of the Land Surveyor or Engineer, is prohibited. Only copies from the original of this document, in marked with the original signature and original seal of the Surveyor or Engineer, shall be considered to be valid and true copies.
OFF THE HOOK YACHT SALES N.E. CAPE FEAR RIVER FACILITY	CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP, NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	Dati 4 Sca H(Dra Chi	4-21-2	720 720 7201 N.J.E.L. WADE DR. WILMINGTON N.C. 28401
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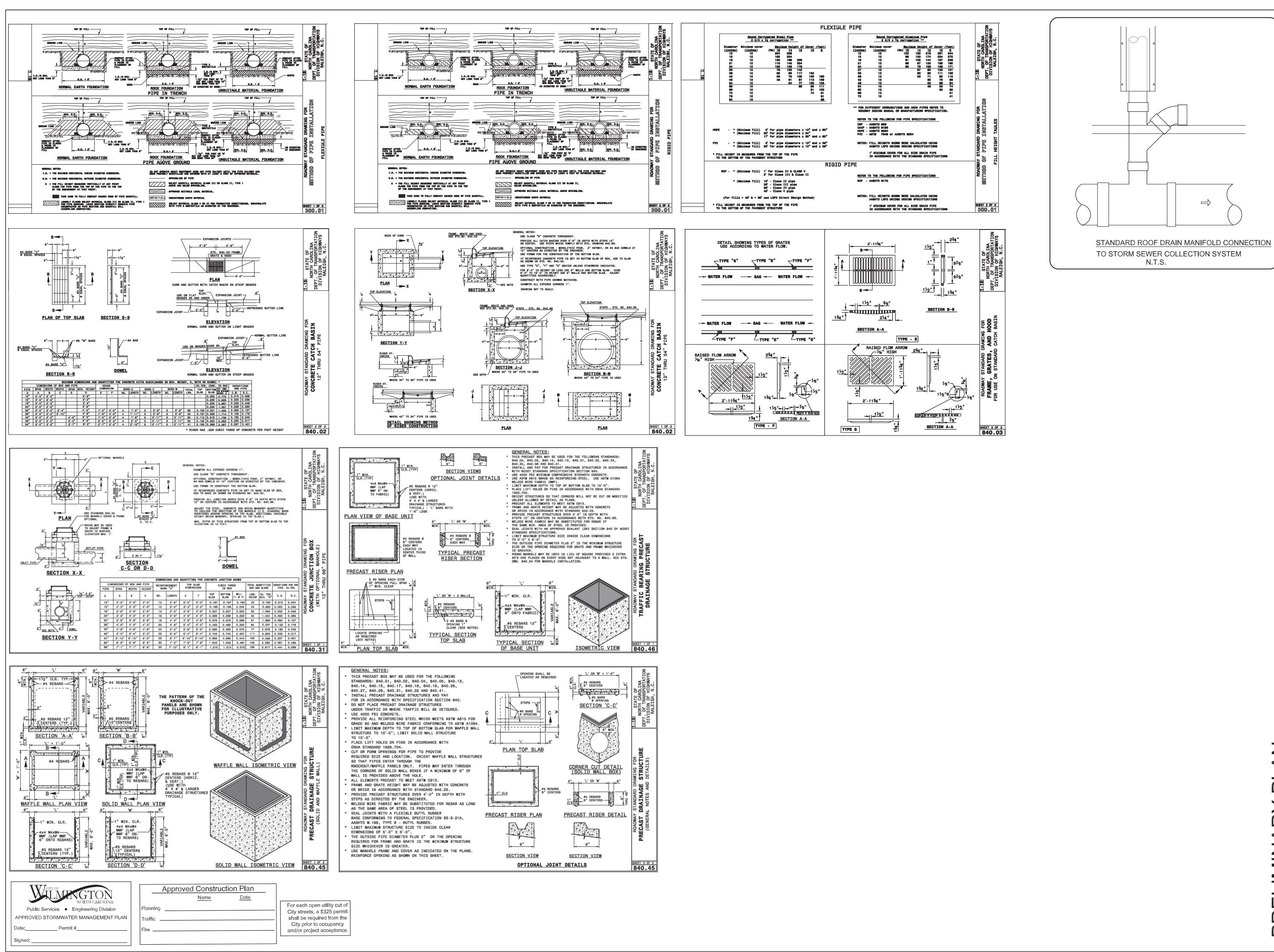
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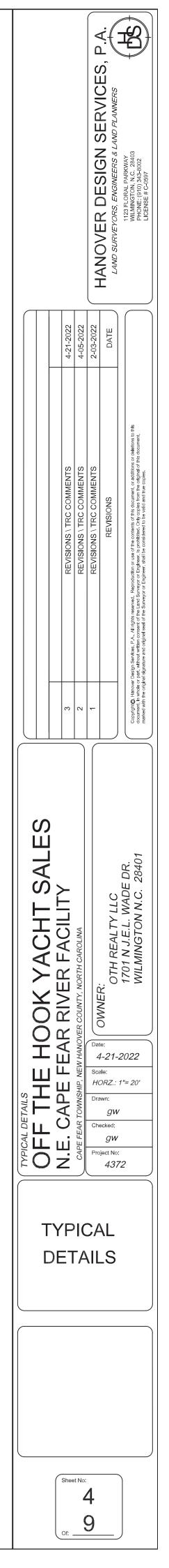
Public Services

Engineering Division
APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
Date:______Permit #_____

	Approved Construction	Plan
	Name	Date
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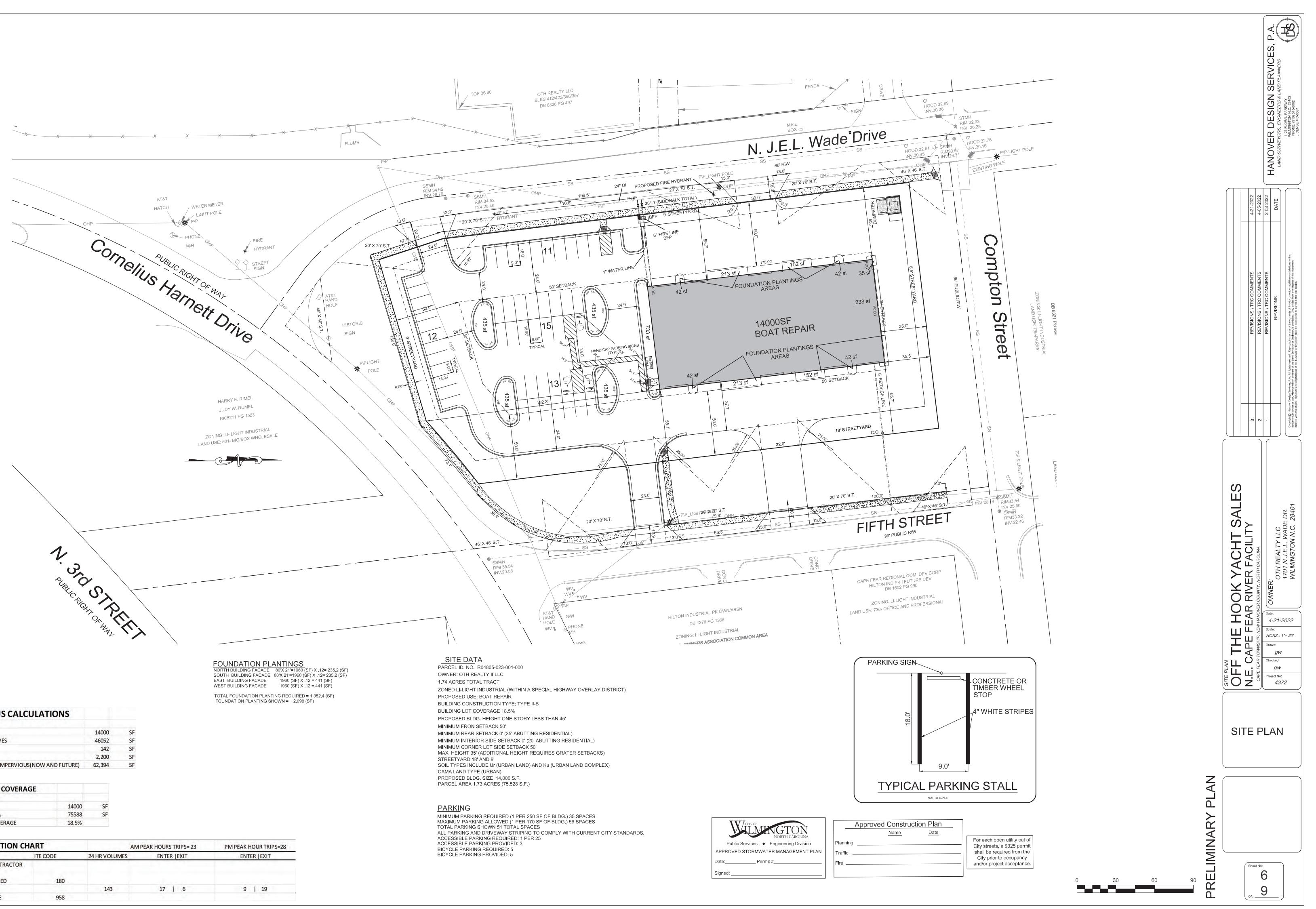
For each open utility cut of City streets, a \$325 permit shall be required from the City prior to occupancy and/or project acceptance.





PRELIMINARY PLAN





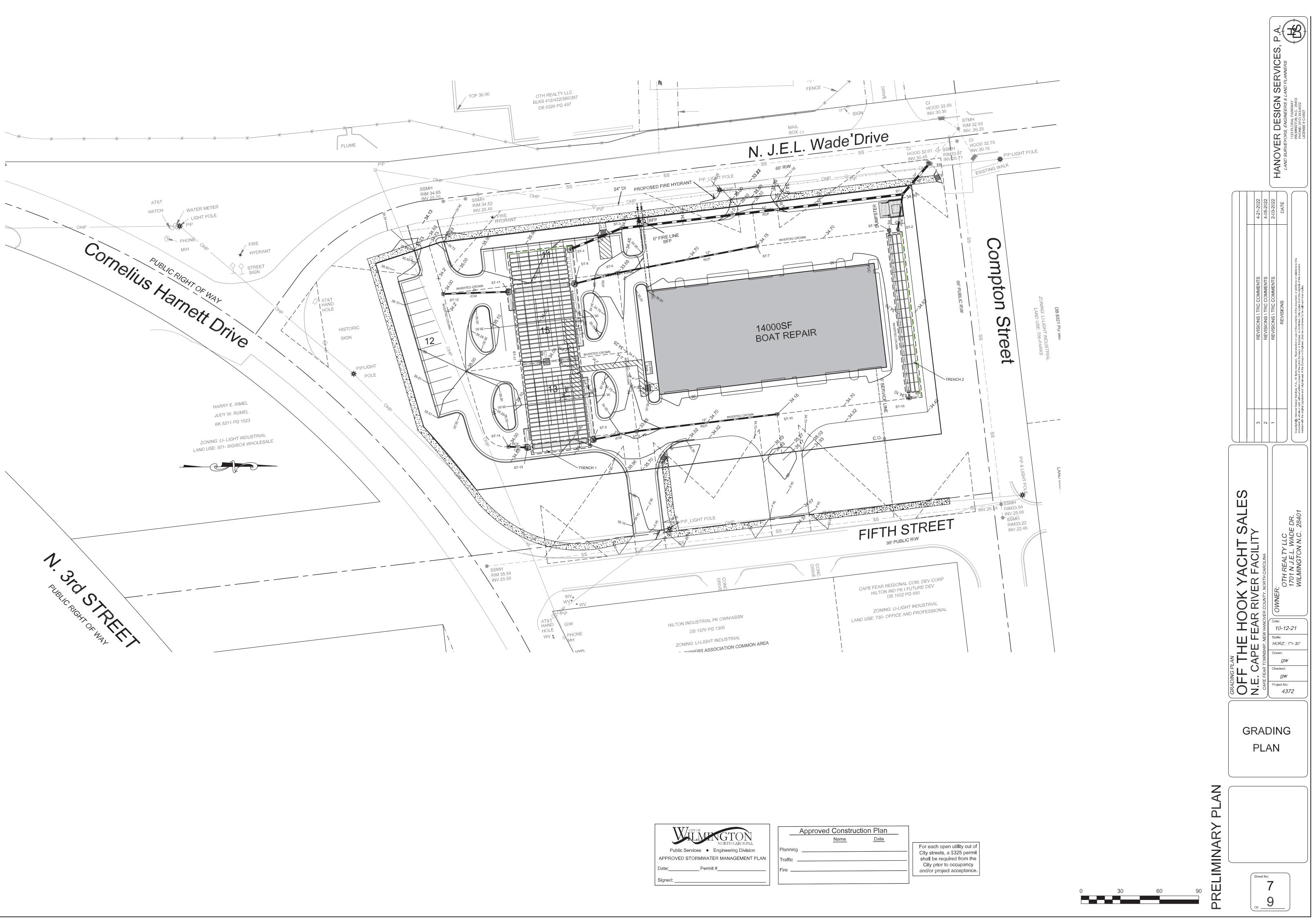
IMPERVIOUS CALCULATIONS

BUILDING	14000	S
PARKING AND DRIVES	46052	S
SIDEWALKS	142	S
FUTURE	2,200	S
TOTAL PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS (NOW AND FUTURE)	62,394	S

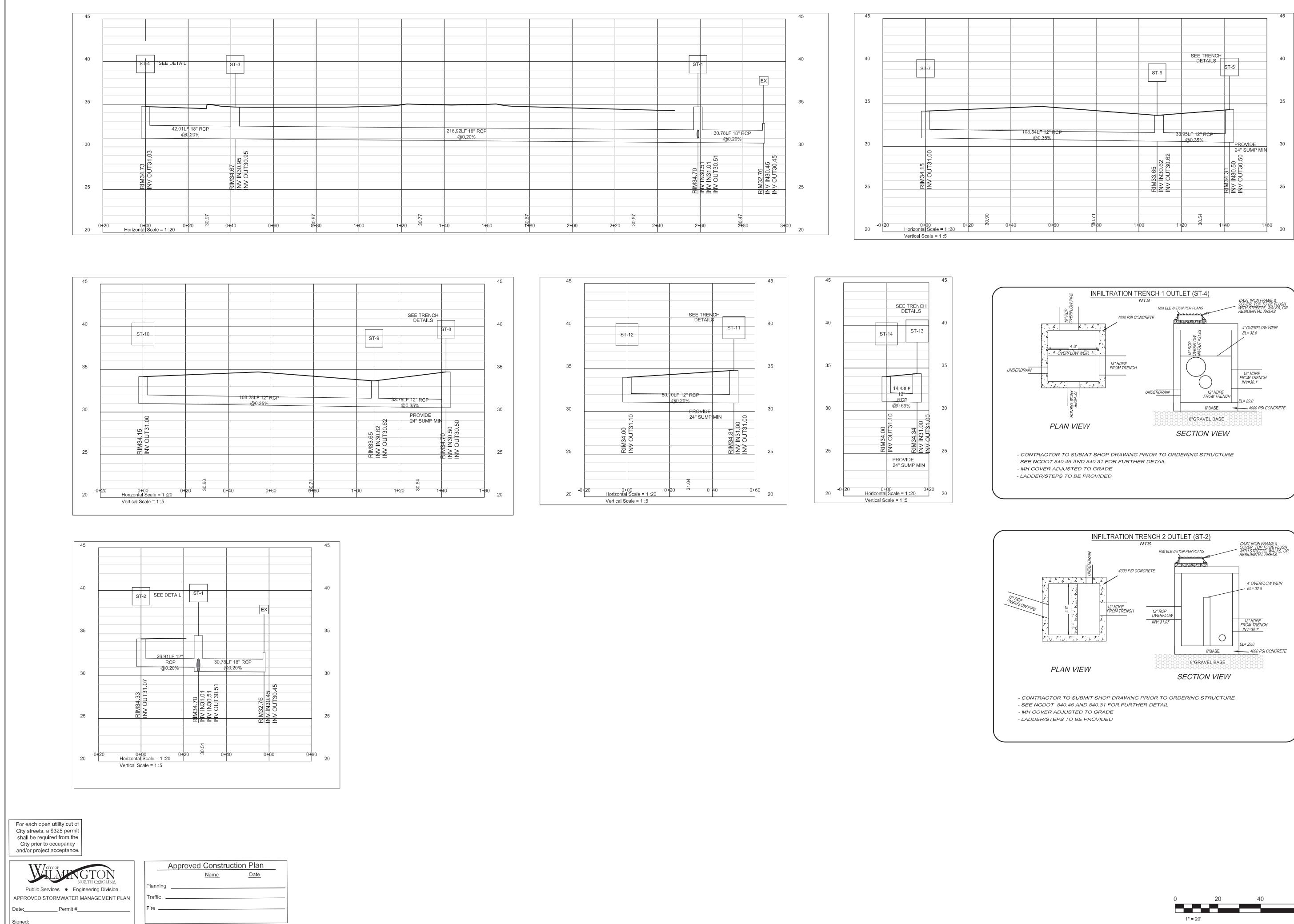
BUILDING LOT COVERAGE		
PROPOSED BLDG.	14000	SF
TOTAL TRACT AREA	75588	SF
BUILDING LOT COVERAGE	18.5%	

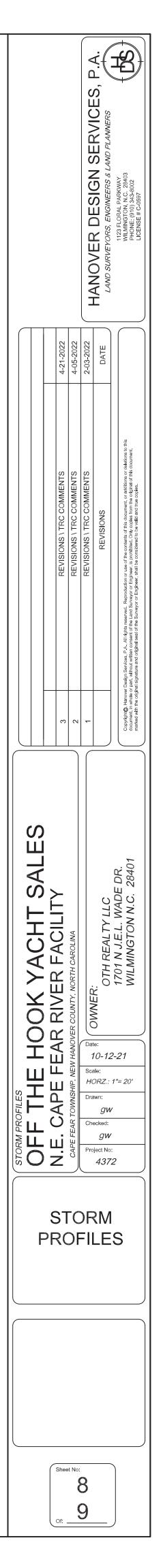
TRIP GENERATION CH	IART	AM	PM PEAK HOUR TRIPS=28		
LAND USE	ITE CODE	24 HR VOLUMES ENTER EXIT		ENTER EXIT	
SECIAL TRADE CONTRACTOR BOAT REPAIR 14,0000 SF PROPOSED	180				
		143	17 6	9 19	
CURRENT LAND USE	958				

BICYCLE	PARKING	REQUIRED:
BICYCLE	PARKING	PROVIDED



WILMINGTON	Approved Construction Pla
NORTH CAROLINA Public Services • Engineering Division PROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANPermit # ed:	Planning Traffic Fire





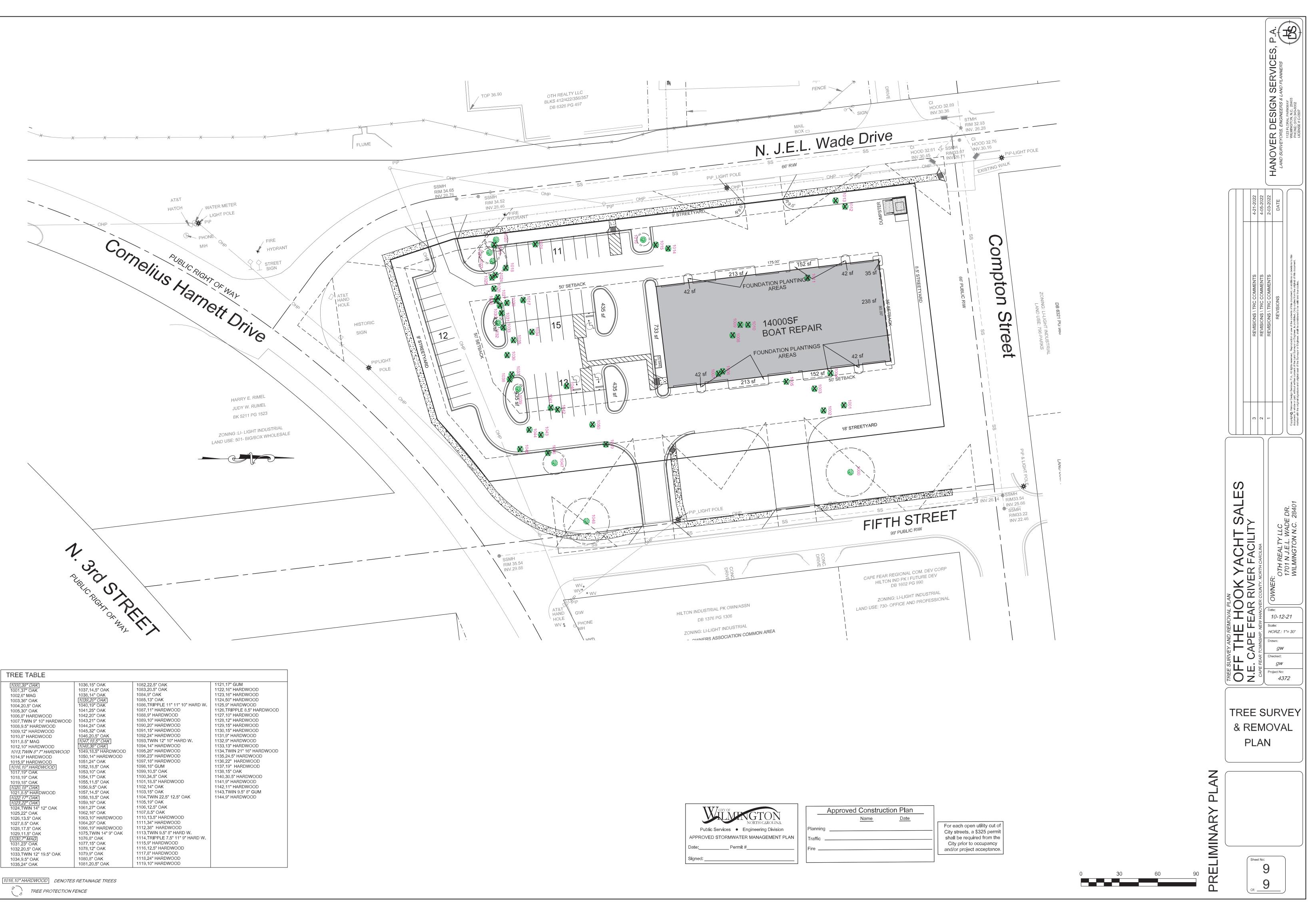
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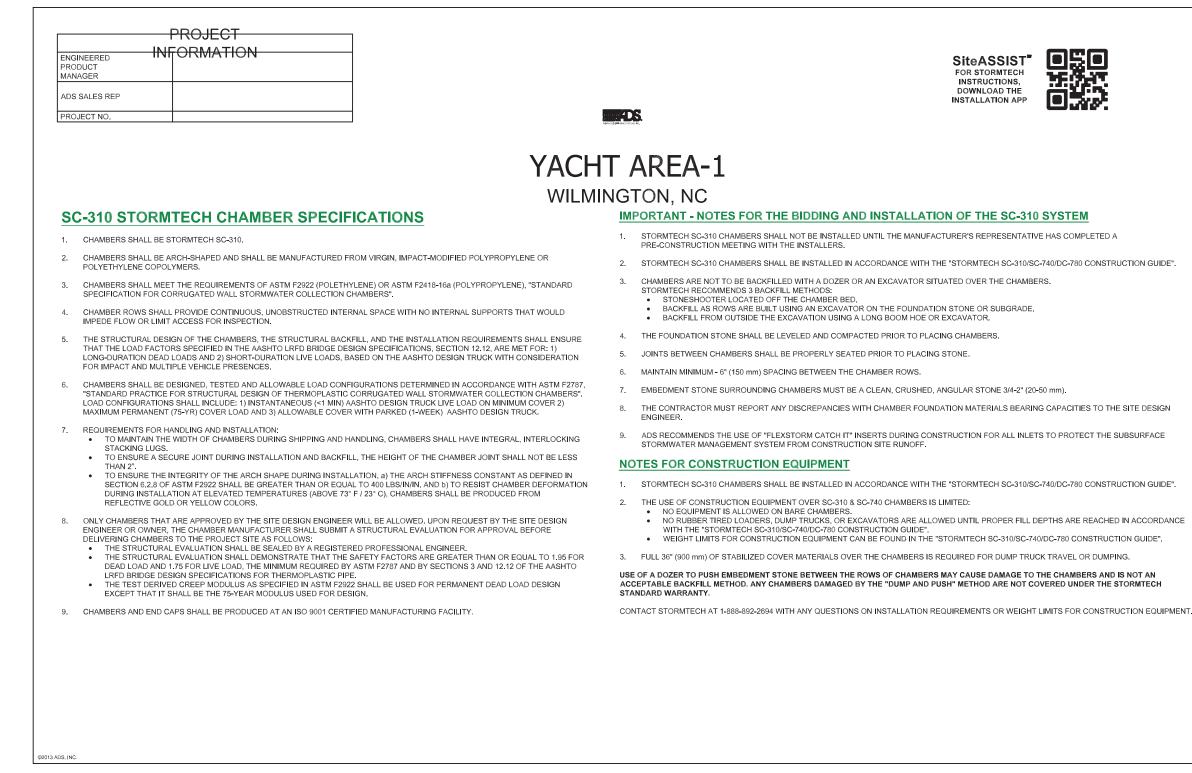
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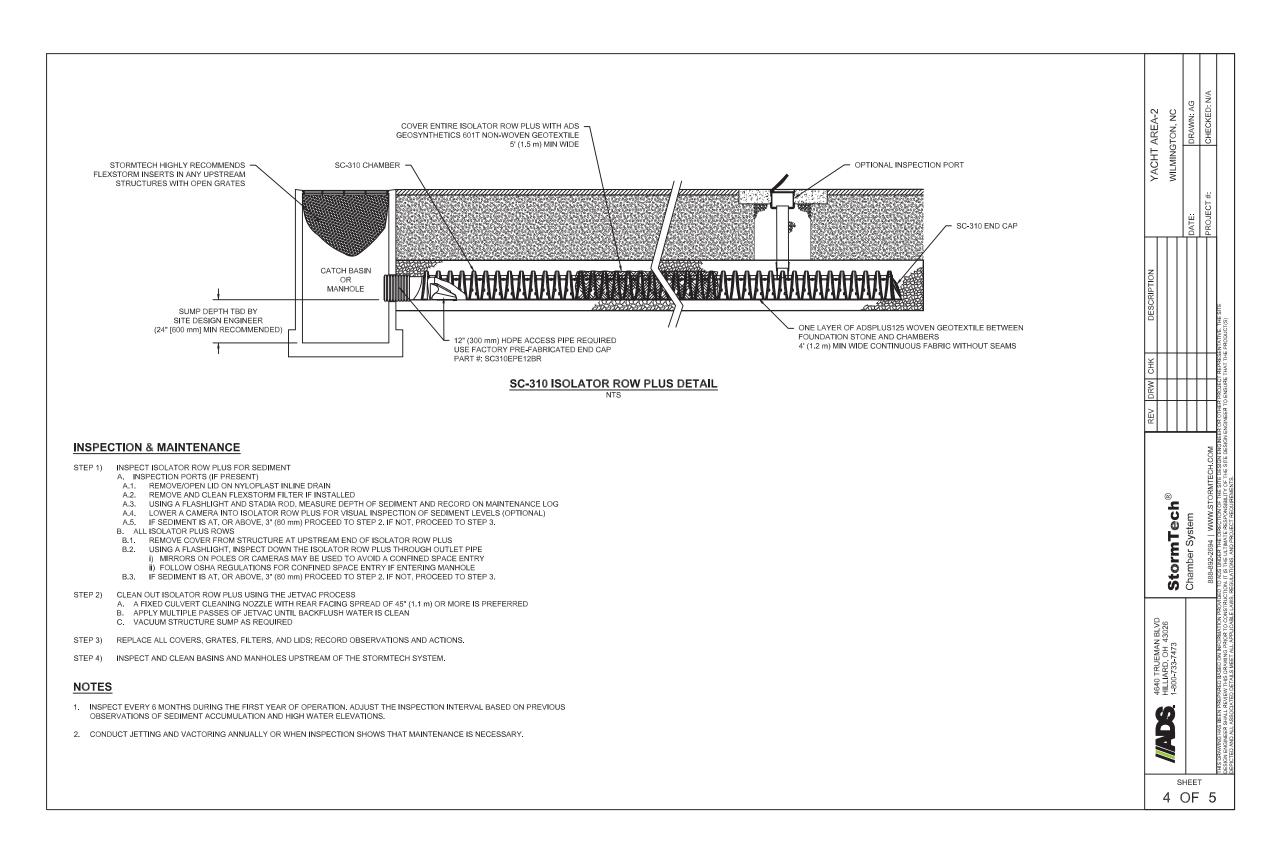
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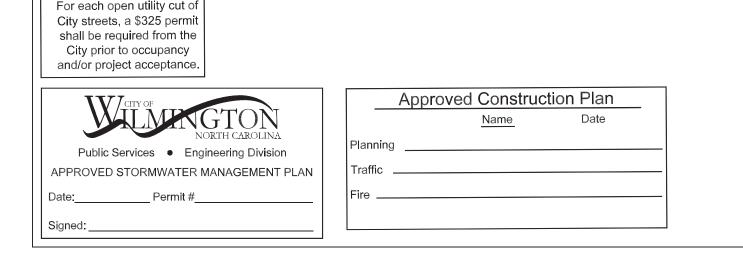
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	Approved Construction
VILLIVIN GION NORTH CAROLINA	Name
Public Services Engineering Division	Planning
APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN	Traffic
Date: Permit #	Fire
Signed:	









8. THE CONTRACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIALS BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN

STORMTECH SC-310 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".

 WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

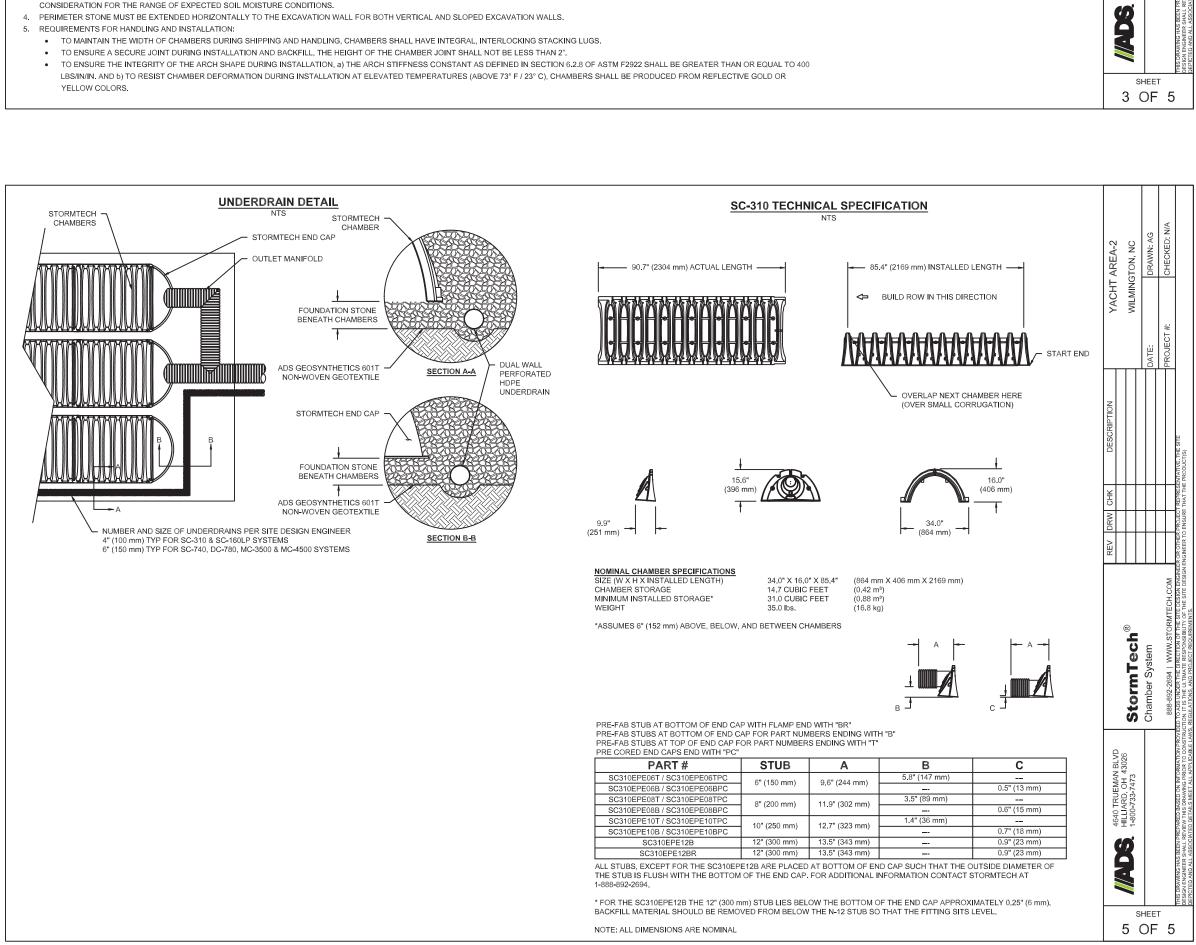
	ACCEPTA	BLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH SC	-310 CHAMBER SYS
	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERI CLASSIFICATION
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER.	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A
с	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 18" (450 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145' A-1, A-2-4, A-3 OR AASHTO M43' 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 7
в	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M431 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57
A	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57
2. STO 3. WH COI	ELISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MU DRMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIAL ERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR S WPACTION REQUIREMENTS. DE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP T ADS GEOSYNTHETICS 601T NON-WOY	S WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 6" (150 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FU STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED B TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO	ILL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY CO Y RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COM
			PA BY
	PERIMETER STONE (SEE NOTE 5) EXCAVATION WALL (CAN BE SLOPED OR VERTICAL)		
	12" (300 mm) MIN	SUBGRADE SOILS 6" END CAP (SEE NOTE 4) (150 mm) MI	N 34" (865 mm)

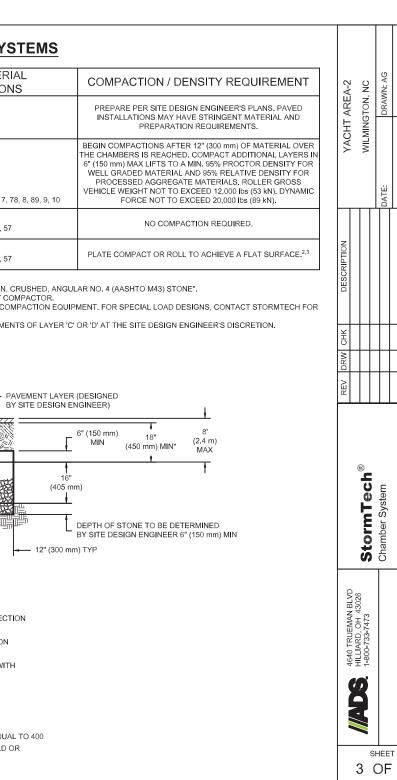
NOTES:

- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2922 (POLETHYLENE) OR ASTM F2418-16a (POLYPROPYLENE), "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS" 2. SC-310 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION
- CHAMBERS".
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS.

• TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 2".

YELLOW COLORS.







					LANDUCEN DESIGN SERVICES, P.A.	1123 FLORAL PARKWAY	WILMINGTON, N.C. 28403 PHONE: (910) 343-8002 LICENSE # C-0597
		4-21-2022	4-05-2022	2-03-2022	DATE		
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OFF THE HOOK YACHT SALES			CAPE FEAR TOWNSHIP, NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA	Sca N7 Dra Cha	te: 1-21- ale:	 .20	
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PROPOSED LAYOUT	PROPO
STORMTECH SC-310 CHAMBERS	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP
STORMTECH SC-310 END CAPS	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNP/
	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (UNP/
STONE BELOW (in)	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (TOP
STONE VOID	MINIMUM ALLOWABLE GRADE (BASE
	TOP OF STONE:
	TOP OF SC-310 CHAMBER:
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (8" P
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (8" P
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (8" P
SYSTEM PERIMETER (ft)	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (8" P
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (8" P
	18" x 12" BOTTOM MANIFOLD INVERT
	12" ISOLATOR ROW PLUS INVERT:
	12" BOTTOM CONNECTION INVERT:
	BOTTOM OF SC-310 CHAMBER:
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (12"
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (12"
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (12"
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (12"
	12" x 8" TOP MANIFOLD INVERT (12"
	18" x 12" BOTTOM MANIFOLD INVERT
	UNDERDRAIN INVERT:
	BOTTOM OF STONE:
	STORMTECH SC-310 CHAMBERS STORMTECH SC-310 END CAPS STONE ABOVE (in) STONE BELOW (in)

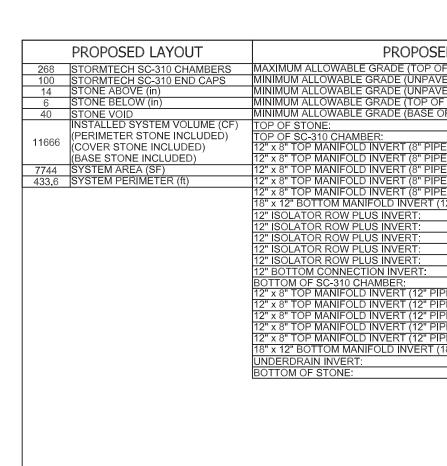
TRENCH-1

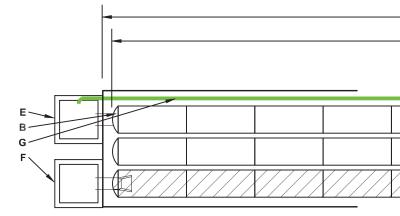
TRENCH-2

ISOLATOR ROW PLUS (SEE DETAIL/TYP 4 PLACES)

PLACE MINIMUM 12.50' OF ADSPLUS125 WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OVER BEDDING STONE AND UNDERNEATH CHAMBER FEET FOR SCOUR PROTECTION AT ALL CHAMBER INLET ROWS

BED LIMITS





For each open utility cut of
City streets, a \$325 permit
shall be required from the
City prior to occupancy
and/or project acceptance

Sianea

Public Services • Engineering Division
APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
Date:______Permit #_____

	Approved	Construction	Plan
		Name	Date
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ISOLATOR ROW PLUS (SEE DETAIL/TYP 4 PLACES) PLACE MINIMUM 12.50' OF ADSPLUS125 WOVEN GEOTEXTILE OVER BED STONE AND UNDERNEATH CHAMBER FEET FOR SCOUR PROTECTION A CHAMBER INLET ROWS

BED LIMITS

0.90"			E OF CHAMBER	DVE BASE		-		_	SED ELEVATIONS
0.90" Function 0.90" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" 3.50" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.75" -0.90" -1.8 CFS IN -0.90"<			MAX FLOW	NVERT*	DESCRIPTION	ITEM ON LAYOUT	PART TYPE	40.33	P OF PAVEMENT/UNPAVED):
ALL 12" BOTTOM 0.90" Image: Constraint of the second seco				0.90"	12" BOTTOM PREFABRICATED END CAP, PART#: SC310EPE12BR / TYP OF ALL 12" ISOLATOR ROW		PREFABRICATED END CAP	34.33 33.83 PI	AVED WITH TRAFFIC):
ALL 12" BOTTOM 0.90" Image: Constraint of the second seco						'		33.83	OF RIGID CONCRETE PAVEMENT)
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StormTech[®] Chamber System

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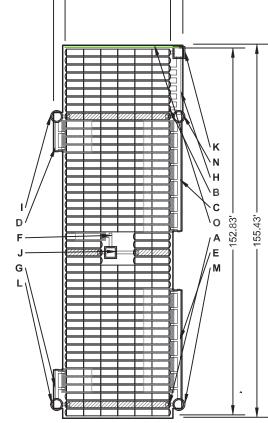
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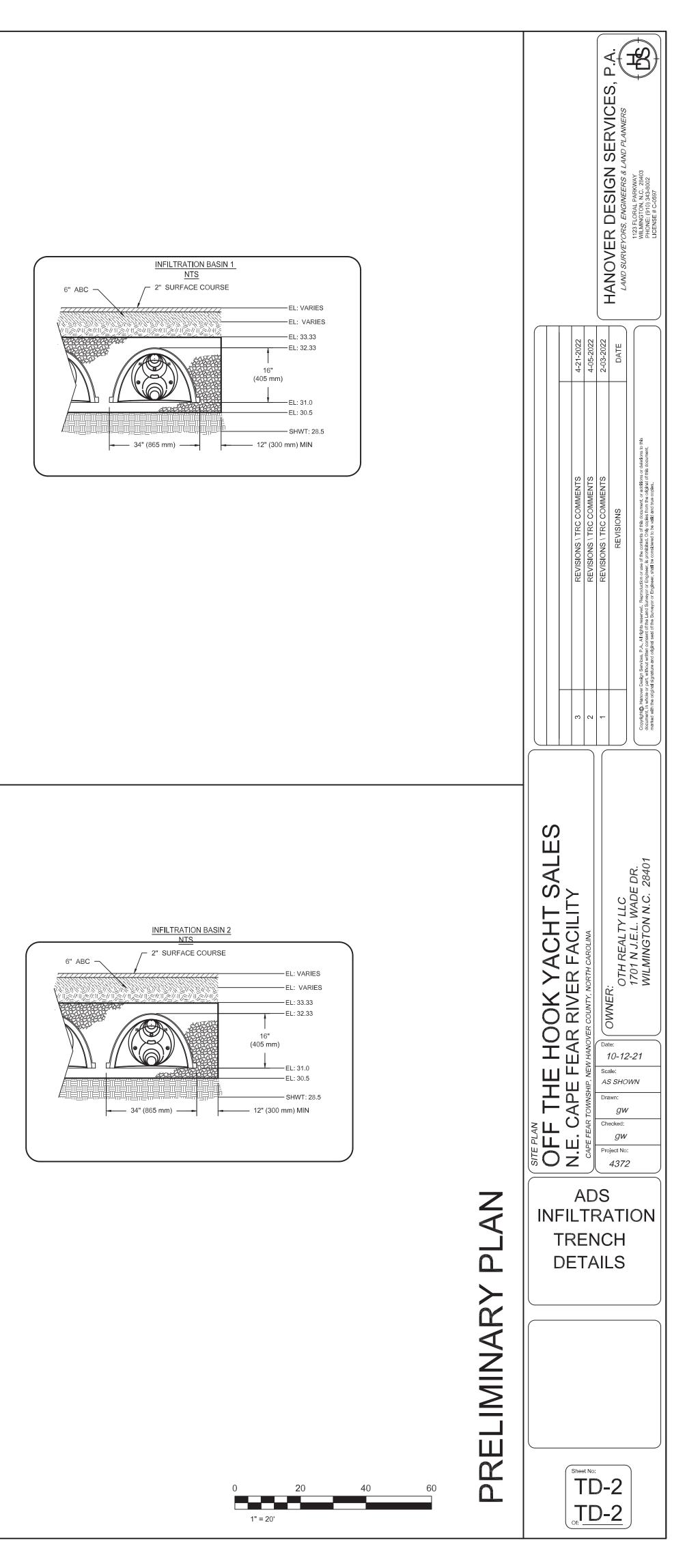
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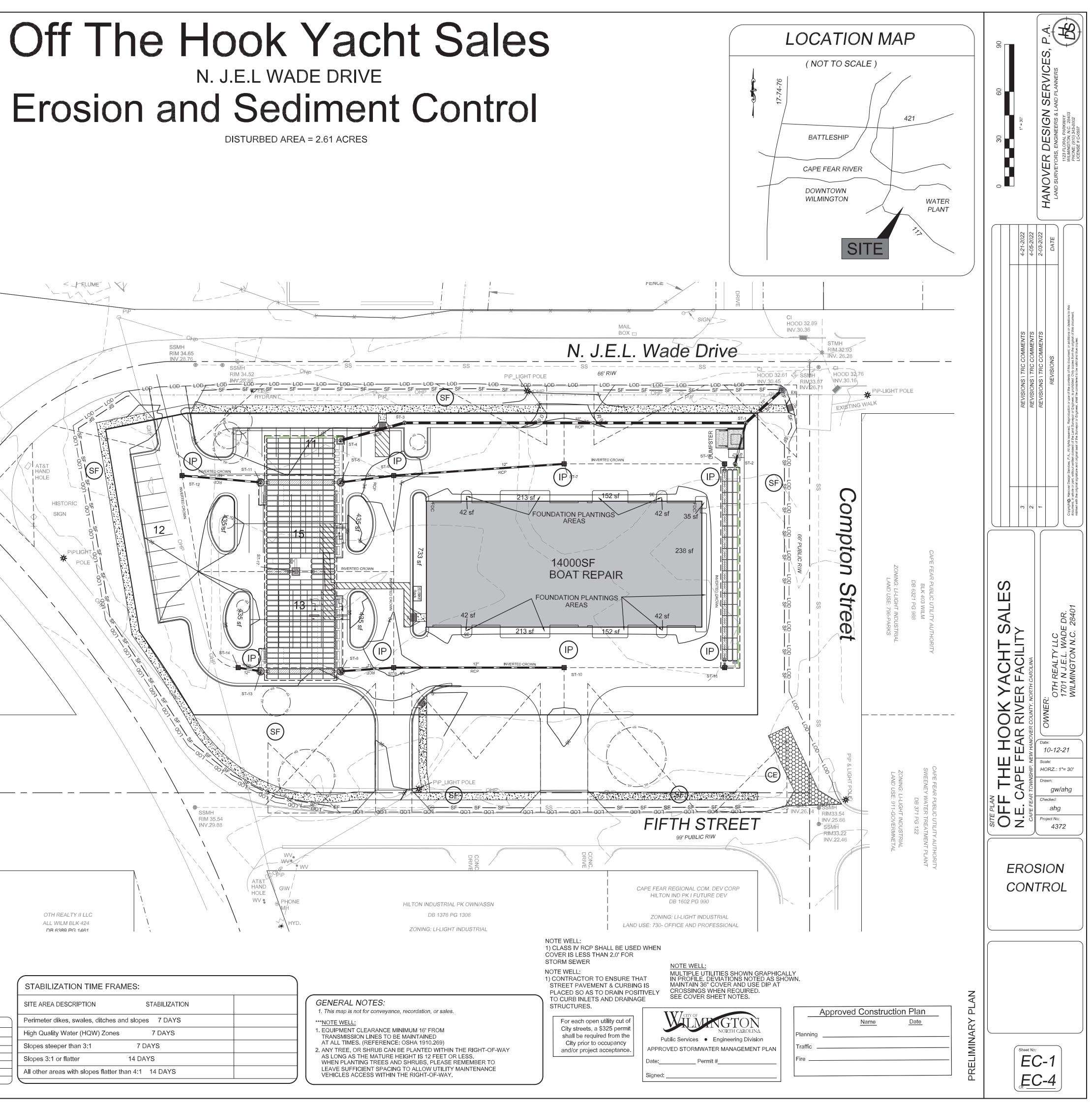
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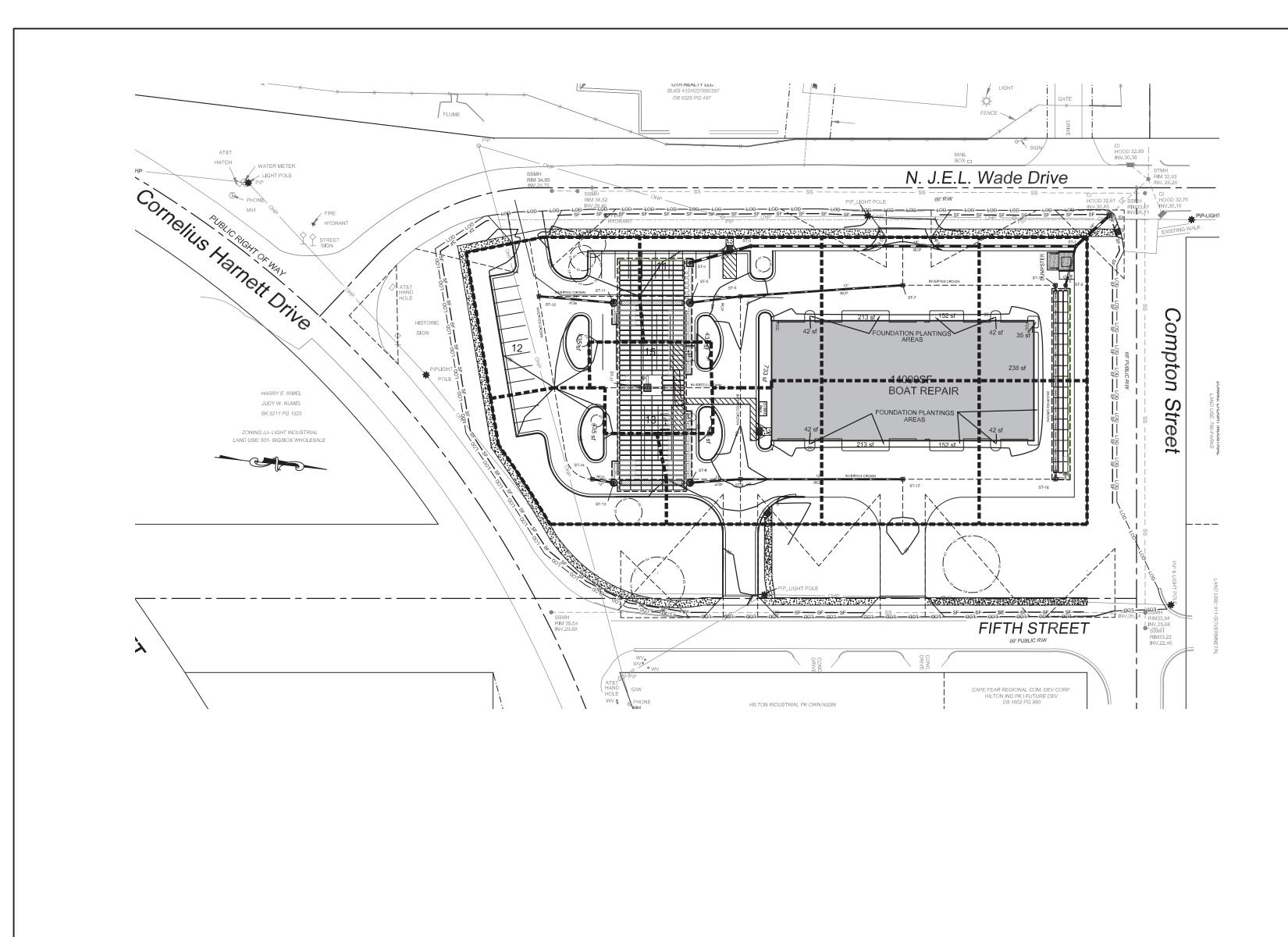
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LEGEND	
W\V = WATER VALVE W\M = WATER METER	
C\O = SANITARY SEWER CLEAN OUT	
INV. = INVERT B/O = BLOW OFF ASSEMBLY	
BFP = BACK FLOW PREVENTOR	
G\W = GUY WIRE SWMH = STORM MANHOLE	
GT. = GREASE TRAP	
F\H = FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY I.S. = IRON SET	
SANITARY SEWER MH	
E CURB INLET	
င်္ဂြိတ္ခ်ို = TREE	
© = CURB RAMP	
W = WATER SERVICE	
☑ = SEWER CLEANOUT	AT&T
► = WATER VALVE	
	LIGHT POLE PIP
HANDICAP CROSSING	C PHONE
PROPERTY LINE	HYDRANT
BUILDING SETBACK	Come MH 94% FIRE HYDRANT
EASEMENT	Pro Man
COMPUTED PROPERTY LINE — — — — — — — — — — — — EXISTING CONTOUR	
— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
PROPOSED STORM DRAIN	
PROPOSED 6" SANITARY SEWER SERVICE	
— s — s — s —	
PROPOSED FENCE	
IP INLET PROTECTION	
CE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE (TYPICAL)	HARRY E. RIMEL JUDY W. RUMEL
LOD — LOD — LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE	BK 5211 PG 1523
\frown	ZONING :LI- LIGHT INDUSTRIAL
SF — SF — SF — SILT FENCE (TYPICAL)	LAND USE: 501- BIG/BOX WHOLESALE
BIP BLOCK INLET PROTECTION (TEMP)	
CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE - 1. Obtain approval of Plan and any necessary permits, and hold a pre-construction conference	
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N. J.E.L WADE DRIVE **Erosion and Sediment Control**





Sediment Basin Specifications # 6.61 - Construction Specifications

1.Site preparations-Clear, grub and strip topsoil from areas under the embankment to remove trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material Delay clearing the pool area until the dam is complete and then remove brush, trees and other objectionable materials to facilitate sediment cleanout. Stockpile all topsoil or soil containing organic matter for use on the outer shell of the embankment to facilitate vegetative establishment. Place temporary sediment control measures below the basin as needed. 2.Cut-off trench-Excavate a cut-off trench along the centerline of the earth fill embankment. Cut the trench to stable soil material, but in no case make it less than 2 ft. deep. The cut-off trench must extend into both abutments to at least the elevation of the riser crest. Make the minimum bottom width wide enough to permit operation of excavation and compaction equipment but in no case less than 2 ft. Make side slopes of the trench no steeper than 1:1. Compaction requirements are the same as those for the embankment. Keep the trench dry during backfilling and compaction operations. 3.Embankment—Take fill material from the approved areas shown on the plans. It

3.Embankment-lake fill material from the approved areas shown on the plans. It should be clean mineral soil, free of roots, woody vegetation, rocks and other objectionable material. Scarify areas on which fill is be placed before placing fill. The fill material must contain sufficient moisture so it can be formed by hand into a ball without crumbling. If water can be squeezed out of the ball, it is too wet for proper compaction. Place fill material in 6 to 8-inch continuous layers over the entire length of the fill area and then compact it. Compaction may be obtained by routing the construction hauling equipment over the fill so that the entire surface of each layer is traversed by at least one wheel or tread track of the heavy equipment, or a compactor may be used. Construct the embankment to an elevation 10% biother than the design beinght to

wheel or tread track of the heavy equipment, or a compactor may be used. Construct the embankment to an elevation 10% higher than the design height to allow for settling. 4.Conduit spillways-Securely attach the riser to the barrel or barrel stub to make a watertight structural connection. Secure all connections between barrel sections by approved watertight assemblies. Place the barrel and riser on a firm, smooth foundation of impervious soil. Do not use pervious material such

as sand, gravel, or crushed stone as backfill around the pipe or anti-seep collars. Place the fill material around the pipe spillway in 4-inch layers and compact it under and around the pipe to at least the same density as the adjacent embankment. Care must be taken not to raise the pipe from firm contact with its foundation when compacting under the pipe haunches. Place a minimum depth of 2ft. of hand-compacted backfill over the pipe spillway before crossing it with construction equipment. Anchor the riser in place by concrete or other satisfactory means to prevent flotation. In no case should the pipe conduit be installed by cutting a trench through the dam after the

embankment is complete. 5.Emergency spillway-Install the emergency spillway in undisturbed soil. The achievement of planned elevations, grade, design width, and entrance and exit channel slopes are critical to the successful operation of emergency spillway. 6.Inlets-Discharge water into the basin in a manner to prevent erosion. Use diversions with outlet protection to divert sediment-laden water to the upper end of the pool area to improve basin trap efficiency (References: Runoff Control Measures and Outlet Protection).

7.Erosion control-Construct the structure so that the disturbed area is minimized. Divert surface water away from bare areas. Complete the embankment before the area is cleared. Stabilize the emergency spillway embankment and all other disturbed areas above the crest of the principal spillway immediately after construction (References: Surface Stabilization). 8.Safety-Sediment basins may attract children and can be dangerous. Avoid steep side slopes, and fence and mark basins with warning signs if trespassing is likely. Follow all state and local requirements.

Maintenance Check sediment basins after periods of significant runoff. Remove sediment and restore the basin to its original dimensions when sediment accumulates to onehalf the design depth. Check the embankment, spillways, and outlet for erosion damage, and inspect th

half the design depth. Check the embankment, spillways, and outlet for erosion damage, and inspect the embankment for piping and settlement. Make all necessary repairs immediately. Remove all trash and other debris from the riser and pool area.

> For each open utility cut of City streets, a \$325 permit shall be required from the City prior to occupancy and/or project acceptance.

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Temporary Gravel Construction Entrance/Exit Specification # 6.06 - Construction Specifications

Clear the entrance and exit area of all vegetation, roots and other objectionable material and properly grade it. Place the gravel to the specific grade and dimensions shown on the plans and smooth it.

 Provide drainage to carry water to a sediment trap or other suitable outlet.
 Use geotextile fabrics because they improve stability of the foundation in locations subject to seepage or high water table.
 Maintenance

Maintenance Maintain the gravel pad in a condition to prevent mud or sediment from leaving

the construction site. This may require periodic topdressing with 2—inch stone. After each rainfall, inspect any structure used to trap sediment and clean it out as necessary. Immediately remove all objectionable materials spilled, washed, or tracked onto public roadways.

HARDWARE CLOTH & GRAVEL INLET PROTECTION (Temporary)

Specification # 6.51 - Construction Specifications As fabric, use a 19-gauge hardware cloth with 1/4 inch mesh openings, with a total height of 2 feet minimum. The sediment control stone, with a height of 16 inches, should have an outside slope of 2:1. For stakes, use steel T posts of 1.25 lb/linear foot with a minimum length of 5 ft., driven 2 ft. into the ground, maximum spacing of 4 feet.

Specifications 1. Uniformly grade a shallow depression approaching the inlet.

 Drive 5-foot steel posts 2 feet into the ground surrounding the inlet. Space posts evenly around the perimeter of the inlet, a maximum of 4 feet apart.

- 3. Surround the posts with wire mesh hardware cloth. Secure the wire mesh to the steel posts at the top, middle, and bottom. Placing a 2-foot anchoring flap of the mesh under the gravel is recommended.
- Place clean gravel (NCDOT #5 or #57 stone) on a 2:1 slope with a height of 16 inches around the wire, and smooth to an even grade.
 Once the contributing drainage area has been stabilized, remove the
- Once the contributing drainage area has been stabilized, re accumulated sediment, and establish final grades.
 Compact the area properly and stabilize with groundcover.

Maintenance

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APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Inspect the barrier after each significant rain and make repairs at needed. Remove sediment from the area as necessary to provide adequate storage

volume for the next rain. Take care not to damage or undercut the hardware cloth during sediment removal.

When the contributing drainage area has been adequately stabilized, remove all materials and any unstable sediment and dispose of them properly. Bring the disturbed area to the grade of the drop inlet and smooth and compact it. Appropriately stabilize all bare areas around the inlet.

A	pproved Construc	tion Plan
	Name	Date

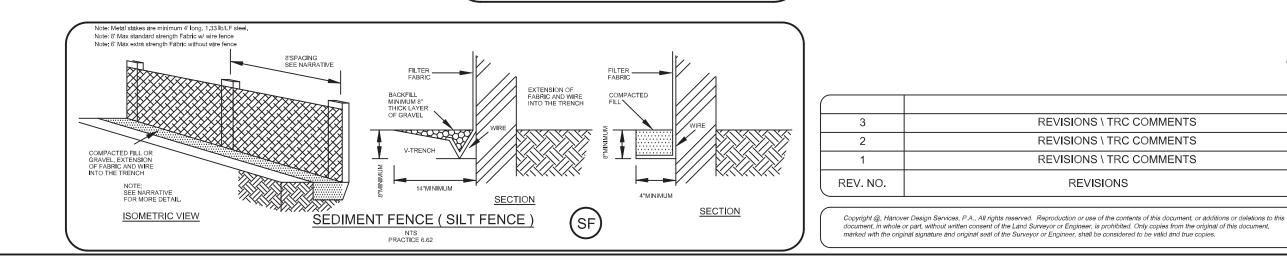
(IP



- MATERIALS 1.Use a synthetic filter fabric or a pervious sheet of polypropylene, nylon, polyester, or polyethylene yarn, which is certified by the manufacturer or supplier as conforming to the requirements shown in Table 6.62b. Synthetic filter fabric should contain ultraviolet ray inhibitors and stabilizers to provide a minimum of 6 months of expected usable construction life at a temperature range of 0 to 120 F.
- 2.Ensure that posts for sediment fences are either 4-inch diameter pine, 2-inch diameter oak, or 1.33 lb/linear ft steel with a minimum length of 4 ft. Make sure that steel posts have projections to facilitate fastening the fabric. 3.For reinforcement of standard strength filter fabric, use wire fence with a minimum 14 gauge and a maximum mesh spacing of 6 inches.

Table 6.62b Specifications For Sediment Fence Fabric Physical Property Requirements Filtering Efficiency – 85% (mm)

- Filtering Efficiency 85% (mm) Tensile Strength at Standard Strength- 30 lb/lin in (min) Extra Strength- 50 lb/lin in (mm)
- Slurry Flow Rate 0.3 gal/sq ft/min (min) CONSTRUCTION 1.Construct the sediment barrier of standard strength or extra strength synthetic filter fabrics. 2.Ensure that the height of the sediment fence does not exceed 18 inches above
- 2.Ensure that the neight of the seamment fence does not exceed to increas doove the ground surface. (Higher fences may impound volumes of water sufficient to cause failure of the structure.)3.Construct the filter fabric from a continuous roll cut to the length of the barrier to avoid joints. When joints are necessary, securely fasten the filter
- cloth only at a support post with overlap to the next post.
 4.Support standard strength filter fabric by wire mesh fastened securely to the up slope side of the posts using heavy duty wire staples at least 1 inch long, or tie wires. Extend the wire mesh support to the bottom of the trench.
 5.When a wire mesh support fence is used, space posts a maximum of 8 ft apart.
- Support posts should be driven securely into the ground to a minimum of 18 inches. 6.Extra strength filter fabric with 6ft post spacing does not require wire mesh
- support fence. Staple or wire the filter fabric directly to posts. 7.Excavate a trench approximately 4 inches wide and 8 inches deep along the proposed line of posts and upslope from the barrier (figure 6.62a). 8.Backfill the trench with compacted soil or gravel placed over the filter fabric. 9.Do not attach filter fabric to existing trees.
- Maintenance Inspect sediment fences at least once a week and after each rainfall. Make any required repairs immediately. Should the fabric of a sediment fence collapse, tear, decompose or become ineffective, replace it promptly. Replace burlap every 60 days. Remove sediment deposits as necessary to provide adequate storage volume for the next rain and to reduce pressure on the fence. Take care to avoid undermining
- the fence during cleanout. Remove all fencing materials and unstable sediment deposits and bring the area to grade and stabilize it after the contributing drainage area has been properly stabilized.



PUBLIC ROAD

6" MINIMUM THICKNESS

2"–3" COARSE AGGREGATE —

NOTE: SEE NARRATIVE

FOR MORE DETAIL.

ENTRANCE/EXIT DETAIL

N.T.S.

12'MINIMUN

<u>Permanent Seeding</u> Specifications # 6.11 — Specifications

Seedbed Requirements Establishment of vegetation should not be attempted on sites that are unsuitable due to inappropriate soil texture (Table 6.11a), poor drainage, concentrated overland flow, or steepness of slope until measures have been taken to correct these problems.

To maintain a good stand of vegetation, the soil must meet certain minimum requirements as a growth medium. The existing soil should have these criteria: - Enough fine-grained (silt and clay) material to maintain adequate moisture and nutrient supply (available water capacity of at least .05

- inches water to 1 inch of soil). - Sufficient pore space to permit root penetration. - Sufficient depth of soil to provide an adequate root zone. The depth to rock or impermeable layers such as hardpans should be 12 inches or more, except on
- A favorable pH range for plant growth, usually 6.0-6.5.
 Freedom from large roots, branches, stones, large clods of earth, or trash of any kind. Clods and stones may be left on slopes steeper than 3:1 if they are
- to be hydroseeded. If any of the above criteria are not met-i.e., if the existing soil is too coarse, dense, shallow or acidic to foster vegetation-special amendments are required. The soil conditioners described below may be beneficial or, preferably, topsoil may be applied in accordance with Practice 6.04, Topsoiling.

Soil Conditioners In order to improve the structure or drainage characteristics of a soil, the following material may be added. These amendments should only be necessary

where soils have limitations that make them poor for plant growth or for fine turf establishment (see Chapter 3, Vegetative Considerations). Peat-Appropriate types are sphagnum moss peat, hypnum moss peat, reedsedge peat,

or peat humus, all from fresh-water sources. Peat should be shredded and conditioned in storage piles for at least 6 months after excavation. Sand-clean and free of toxic materials

Vermiculite-horticultural grade and free of toxic substances. Rotted manure-stable or cattle manure not containing undue amounts of straw or other bedding materials.

Thoroughly rotted sawdust- free of stones and debris. Add 6 lb. Of nitrogen to each cubic yard. Sludge-Treated sewage and industrial sludges are available in various forms: these should be used only in accordance with local, State and Federal regulations.

Species Selection

Use the key to Permanent Seeding Mixtures (Table 6.11b) to select the most appropriate seeding mixture based on the general site and maintenance factors. A listing of species, including scientific names and characteristics, is given in Appendix 8.02.

- Seedbed Preparation Install necessary mechanical erosion and sedimentation control practices before seeding, and complete grading according to the approved plan. Lime and fertilizer needs should be determined by soil tests. Soil testing is performed free of charge by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture soil testing laboratory. Directions, sample cartons, and information sheets are available through county agricultural extension offices or from NCDA. Because the NCDA soil testing lab requires 1-6 weeks for sample turn-around, sampling must be planned well in advance of final grading. Testing is also done by commercial laboratories. When soil test are not available, follow rates suggested on the individual
- specification sheet for the seeding mix chosen (Tables 6.11c through 6.11v).
 Applications rates usually fall into the following ranges:

 Ground agricultural limestone
 Light-textured, sandy soils; 1-1 1/2 tons/acre
- Heavy textured, clayey soils 2—3 tons/acre — Fertilizer:

Grasses 800-1200 lb/acre of 10-10-10 (or the equivalent) Grass-legume mixtures: 800-1200 lb/acre of 5-10-10 (or the equivalent) Apply lime and fertilizer evenly and incorporate into the top 4-6 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Operate machinery on the contour. When using a hydroseeder, apply lime and fertilizer to a rough, loose surface.

Roughen surfaces according to Practice 6.03, Surface Roughening. Complete seedbed preparation by breaking up large clods and raking into a smooth, uniform surface (slope less than 3:1) Fill in or level depressions than can collect water. Broadcast seed into a freshly loosened seedbed that has not been sealed by rainfall.

Table 6.11s - Seeding No. 4CP for: Well-Drained Sandy loams to Dry Sands, Coastal Plain; Low to Medium-Care Lawns Seeding mixture Species - Centipedegrass - Rate - 10-20 lb/acre (seed) or 33 bu/acre (sprigs) Seeding dates - Mar. - June, (Sprigging can be done through July where water is available for irrigation.) Soil amendments - Apply lime and fertilizer according to soil test, or apply 300 lb/acre 10-10-10. Sprigging - Plant sprigs in furrows with a tractor-drown transplanter, or broadcast by hand.

Furrows should be 4-6 inches deep and 2ft apart. Place sprigs about 2 ft. apart in the row with one end at or above ground level (Figure 6.11d). Broadcast at rates shown above, and press sprigs into the top 1 1/2 inches of soil with a disk set straight so that sprigs are not brought back toward the surface. Mulch - Do not mulch

Maintenance - Fertilize very sparingly- 20 lb/acre nitrogen in spring with no phosphorus. Centipedegrass cannot tolerate high pH or excess fertilizer.

Table 6.11t - Seeding No. 5CP for: Well-Drained Sandy Loams to Dry Sands; Low Maintenance Seeding mixture Species Rate (Ib/acre)

Pensacola Bahlagrass 50 Sericea lespedeza 30 Common Bermudagrass 10 German millet 10

Seeding notes

(SF

 Where a neat appearance is desired, omit sericea
 Use common Bermudagrass only on isolated sites where it cannot become a pest. Bermudagrass may be replaced with 5 lb/acre centipedgrass.
 Seeding dates - Apr. 1 - July 15

Soli amendments — Apply lime and fertilizer according to soil tests, or apply 3,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 500 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer. Mulch Apply 4,000 lb/acre grain straw or equivalent cover of another suitable mulch. Anchor by tacking with asphalt, roving and netting or by crimping with a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool.

Maintenance - Refertilize the following Apr. with 50 lb/acre nitrogen. Repeat as growth requires. May be moved only once a year. Where a neat appearance is desired, omit sericea and now as often as needed.

Table 6.11v - Seeding No. 7CP for: Grass-lined Channels; Coastal Plain Seeding Mixture Species - Common Bermudagrass - Rate - 40-80 (1/2 lb/l,000 ft) Seeding dates - Coastal Plain; Apr - July Soil amendments - Apply lime and fertilizer according to soil tests, or apply 3,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 500 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer. Mulch - Use jute, excelsior matting, or other effective channel lining material to cover the bottom of channels and ditches. The lining should extend above the

highest calculated depth of flow. On channel side slopes above this height, and in drainages not requiring temporary linings, apply 4,000 lb/acre grain straw and anchor straw by stapling netting over the top. Mulch and anchoring materials must be allowed to wash down slopes where they can clog drainage devices. Maintenance -A minimum of 3 weeks is required for establishment. Inspect and repair mulch frequently. Refertilize the following Apr. with 50 lb/acre nitrogen.

Refer to Appendix 8.02 for botanical names

- <u>Construction Road Stabilization</u> Specification # 6.80 - Construction Specifications
- Clear roadbed and parking areas of all vegetation, roots and other objectionable material.
- Ensure that road construction follows the natural contours of the terrain if it is possible.
- Locate parking areas on naturally flat areas if they are available. Keep grades sufficient for drainage but generally not more than 2 to 3%.
 Provide surface drainage, and divert excess runoff to stable areas by using
- water bars or turnouts (References: Runoff Control Measures).
 Keep cuts and fills at 2:1 or flatter for safety and stability and to
- facilitate establishment of vegetation and maintenance. 6. Spread a 6-inch course of "ABC" crushed stone evenly over the full width of
- the road and smooth to avoid depressions. 7. Where seepage areas or seasonally wet areas must be crossed, install
- subsurface drains or geotextile fabric cloth before placing the crushed stone (Practice 6.81, Subsurface Drain). 8. Vegetate all roadside ditches, cuts, fills and other disturbed areas or
- vegetate an roussiae antenes, cuts, fills and other disturbed areas or otherwise appropriately stabilize as soon as grading is complete (References: Surface Stabilization).
- Provide appropriate sediment control measures to prevent off-site sedimentation.

Maintenance Inspect construction roads and parking areas periodically for condition of

surface. Topdress with new gravel as needed. Check road ditches and other seeded areas for erosion and sedimentation after runoff—producing rains. Maintain all vegetation in a healthy, vigorous condition. Sediment—producing areas should be treated immediately. <u>Temporary Seeding</u> Specification **#** 6.10 — Specifications

Complete grading before preparing seedbeds and install all necessary erosion control practices, such as dikes, waterways and basins. Minimize steep slopes because they make seedbed preparation difficult and increase the erosion hazard. If soils become compacted during grading, loosen them to a depth of 6–8 inches using a ripper, harrow, or chisel plow.

Seedbed Preparation Good seedbed preparation is essential to successful plant establishment. A good seedbed is well—pulverized, loose and uniform. Where hydroseeding methods are used, the surface may be left with a more irregular surface of large clods and

stones. Liming - Apply lime according to soil test recommendations. If the pH (acidity) of the soil is not known, an application of ground agricultural limestone at the rate of 1 to 1 1/2 tons/acre on coarse-textured soils and 2-3 tons/acres on fine-textured soils is usually sufficient. Apply limestone uniformly and incorporate into the top 4-6 inches of soil. Soils with a pH of 6 or higher need not be limed. Fertilizer- Base application rates on soil tests. When these are not possible,

apply a 10-10-10 grade fertilizer at 700-1,000 lb./acre. Both fertilizer and lime should be incorporated into the top 4-6 inches of soil. If a hydraulic seeder is used, do not mix seed and fertilizer more than 30 minutes before application. Surface roughening- If recent tillage operations have resulted in a loose

surface, additional roughening may not be required except to break up large clods. If rainfall causes the surface to become sealed or crusted, loosen it just prior to seeding by disking, raking, harrowing, or other suitable methods, Groove or furrow slopes steeper than 3:1 on the contour before seeding (Practice 6:03, Surface Roughening).

Plant Selection Select an appropriate species or species mixture from Table 6.10a, for seeding in late winter and early spring, Table 6.10b for summer, and Table 6.10c for fall.

Seeding Evenly apply seed using a cyclone seeder (broadcast), drill, cultipacker seeder, or hydroseeder. Use seeding rates given in Table 6.10a-6.10c. Broadcast seeding and hyroseeding are appropriate for steep slopes where equipment cannot be driven. Hand broadcasting is not recommended because of the difficulty in achieving a uniform distribution. Small grains should be planted no more than 1 inch deeo, and grasses and leaumes no more than 1/2 inch. Broadcast seed mu

inch deep, and grasses and legumes no more than 1/2 inch. Broadcast seed must be covered by raking or chain dragging, and then lightly firmed with a roller or cultipacker. Hydroseeded mixtures should include a wood fiber (cellulose) mulch. Mulching

The use of appropriate mulch will help ensure establishment under normal conditions and is essential to seeding success under harsh site condition (Practice 6.14, Mulching). Harsh site conditions include: -seeding in fall for winter cover (wood fiber mulches are not considered

adequate for this use), -slopes steeper than 3:1, -excessively hot or dry weather, -adverse soils(shallow, rocky, or high in clay or sand), and

-adverse soils(shallow, rocky, or high in clay or sand), and
 -areas receiving concentrated flow.
 If the area to be mulched is subject to concentrated waterflow, as in channels anchor mulch with netting (Practice 6.14, Mulching).

Table 6.10a — Temporary Seeding Recommendation for Late Winter and Early Spring Seeding mixture Species— Rye(grain), Annual lespedeza (Kobe in Piedmont and Coastal Plain Rate (lb/acre)— 120

Omit annual lespedeza when duration of temporary cover is not to extend beyond June Seeding dates—Coastal Plain — Dec. 1 — Apr. 15. Soil amendments— Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre

ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer. Mulch-Apply 4,000lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool. Maintenance - Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage.

Table 6.10b - Temporary Seeding Recommendations for Summer

Seeding mixture Species-German millet Rate(lb/acre)- 40

Rate(lb/acre) = 40 Seeding dates-Coastal Plain- Apr. 15-Aug. 15 Soil amendments-Follow recommendations of soil tests or apply 2,000 lb/acre ground agricultural limestone and 750 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer. Mulch -Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool.

as a mulch anchoring tool. Maintenance-Refertilize if growth is not fully adequate. Reseed, refertilize and mulch immediately following erosion or other damage. Table 6.10c - Temporary Seeding Recommendation for Fall

Seeding mixture

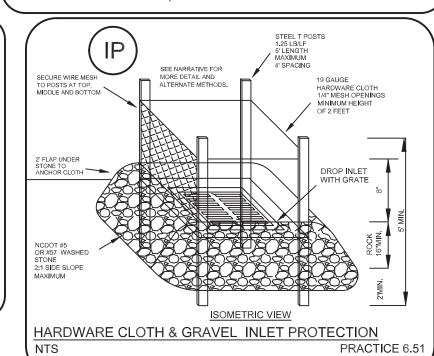
Species-Rye(grain) Rate(lb/acre) - 120 Seeding dates - Coastal Plain and Piedmont-Aug 15 - Dec. 30 Soil amendments - Follow soil tests or apply 2,000 lb./acre ground agriculturel limestone and 1,000 lb/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer.

Mulch- Apply 4,000 lb/acre straw. Anchor straw by tacking with asphalt, netting, or a mulch anchoring tool. A disk with blades set nearly straight can be used as a mulch anchoring tool. Maintenance- Repair and refertilize damaged areas immediately. Topdress with 50 lb/acre of nitrogen in March, if it is necessary to extend temporary cover beyond June 15, overseed with 50 lb/acre Kobe (Piedmont and Coastal Plain)

Land Grading Specification # 6.02 — Construction Specifications 1.Construct and maintain all erosion and sedimentation control practices and

- measures in accordance with the approved sedimentation control plan and construction schedule.
- 2.Remove good topsoil from areas to be graded and filled, and preserve it for use in finishing the grading of all critical areas.
- 3.Scarify areas to be topsoiled to a minimum depth of 2 inches before placing topsoil (Practice 6.04, Topsoiling).
- 4.Clear and grub areas to be filled to remove trees, vegetation, roots, or other objectionable material that would affect the planned stability of the fill.
- 5.Ensure that fill material is free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris, and other materials inappropriate for constructing stable
- 6.Place all fill in layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness, and compact the layers as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, or other related problems.
- 7.Do not incorporate frozen material or soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials into fill slopes. 8.Do not place fill on a frozen foundation, due to possible subsidence and
- 8.Do not place fill on a frozen foundation, due to possible subsidence and slippage.
 9.Keep diversions and other water conveyance measures free of sediment during all phases of development.
 10.Handle seeps or springs encountered during construction in accordance with
- Handle seeps or springs encountered during construction in accordance with approved methods (Practice 6.81, Subsurface Drain).
 Permanently stabilize all graded areas immediately after final grading is
- completed on each area in the grading plan. Apply temporary stabilization measures on all graded areas when work is to be interrupted or delayed for 30 working days or longer. 12.Ensure that topsoil stockpiles, borrow areas, and spoil areas are adequately
- protected from erosion with temporary and final stabilization measures, including sediment fencing and temporary seeding as necessary.

Periodically check all graded areas and the supporting erosion and sedimentation control practices, especially after heavy rainfalls. Promptly remove all sediment from diversions and other water—disposal practices. If washouts or breaks occur, repair them immediately. Prompt maintenance of small eroded areas before they become significant gullies is an essential part of an effective erosion and sedimentation control plan.





1123 FLORAL PARKWAY

WILMINGTON, N.C. 28403

PHONE: (910) 343-8002

LICENSE # C-0597

s to this

GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING PRACTICES FOR COM THE NCG01 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

Implementing the details and specifications on this plan sheet will result in the activity being considered compliant with the Ground Stabilization and Mater sections of the NCG01 Construction General Permit (Sections E and F, respect permittee shall comply with the Erosion and Sediment Control plan approved delegated authority having jurisdiction. All details and specifications shown of may not apply depending on site conditions and the delegated authority having jurisdiction.

	TON E: GROUND STAE	equired Ground Stabi	lization Timeframes	
Stabilize within thisSite Area Descriptionmany calendarIand disturbanceTimeframe va				
(a)	Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, and perimeter slopes	7	None	
(b)	High Quality Water (HQW) Zones	7	None	
(c)	Slopes steeper than 3:1	7	If slopes are 10' or less in not steeper than 2:1, 14 d allowed	
(d)	Slopes 3:1 to 4:1	14	 -7 days for slopes greater length and with slopes ster -7 days for perimeter dike ditches, perimeter slopes Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Wa 	
(e)	Areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14	 -7 days for perimeter dike ditches, perimeter slopes -10 days for Falls Lake Wa there is zero slope 	

Note: After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas will ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last land dis activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization.

GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION

Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use or techniques in the table below:

Temporary Stabilization	Permanent Stabilizat
 Temporary grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers Hydroseeding Rolled erosion control products with or without temporary grass seed Appropriately applied straw or other mulch Plastic sheeting 	 Permanent grass seed covered v other mulches and tackifiers Geotextile fabrics such as perma reinforcement matting Hydroseeding Shrubs or other permanent plan with mulch Uniform and evenly distributed a sufficient to restrain erosion Structural methods such as conc retaining walls Rolled erosion control products

POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS

1. Select flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed duri construction, selecting from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocc

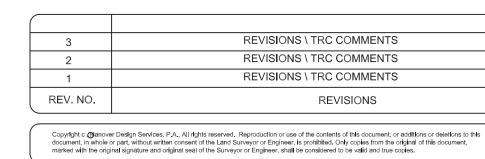
- Apply flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Cont
- 3. Apply flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWR List of
- *PAMS/Flocculants* and in accordance with the manufacturer's instruct4. Provide ponding area for containment of treated Stormwater before d
- offsite.
- Store flocculants in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-re or surrounded by secondary containment structures.

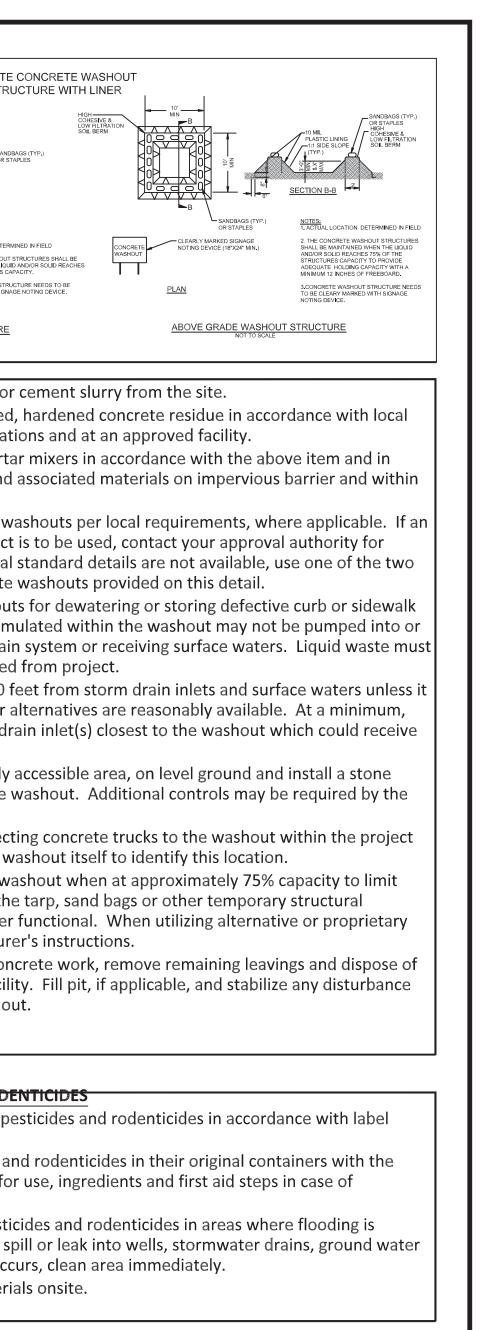
NCG01 GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING

City streets, a \$325 permit shall be required from the City prior to occupancy and/or project acceptance.	
Public Services • Engineering Division APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN Date: Permit # Signed:	Approved Construction Plan <u>Name</u> Date Planning Traffic Fire

For each open utility cut of

IPLIANCE WITH	EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE	
	1. Maintain vehicles and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.	ONSITE
he construction	2. Provide drip pans under any stored equipment.	STRU
rials Handling	3. Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the	
ctively). The	project.	
d by the	4. Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as	
on this sheet	hazardous waste (recycle when possible).	
/ing	5. Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the	
	problem has been corrected.	CLEARLY MARKED SIGNAGE SECTION A-A
	6. Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products	CONCRETE NOTING DEVICE (18'X24' MIN.) NOTES: WASHOUT 1. ACTUAL LOCATION DETERM
	to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.	2. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT MAINTAINED WHEN THE LIQUI 75% OF THE STRUCTURES CA
		PLAN 3.CONCRETE WASHOUT STRU CLEARY MARKED WITH SIGNA
	LITTER, BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTE	
tions	1. Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers.	BELOW GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE
	 Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g dumpster, trash 	
	receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic wastes.	CONCRETE WASHOUTS
	3. Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface	1. Do not discharge concrete or
	waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.	2. Dispose of, or recycle settled
	4. Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff	and state solid waste regulat
	from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.	3. Manage washout from morta
	5. Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or	addition place the mixer and
ength and are	provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.	lot perimeter silt fence.
aysare	6. Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds.	4. Install temporary concrete w
	7. Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if	alternate method or product
han 50' in	containers overflow.	review and approval. If local types of temporary concrete
eper than 4:1	 Dispose waste off-site at an approved disposal facility. 	5. Do not use concrete washou
, swales,		sections. Stormwater accum
ind HQW	9. On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.	discharged to the storm drai
		be pumped out and removed
ershed	PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE	6. Locate washouts at least 50 f
, swales,	1. Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands.	can be shown that no other a
nd HQW Zones	2. Locate paint washouts at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface	install protection of storm dr
ershed unless	waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.	spills or overflow.
	3. Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.	7. Locate washouts in an easily
th temporary	4. Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.	entrance pad in front of the
s soon as	5. Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from	approving authority.
sturbing	construction sites.	8. Install at least one sign direct
render the		limits. Post signage on the w
tion is achieved.	PORTABLE TOILETS	9. Remove leavings from the wa
		overflow events. Replace the
	1. Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains, streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot	components when no longer
ne of the	offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place	products, follow manufactur
	on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.	10. At the completion of the con
on	2. Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in	in an approved disposal facili
ith straw or	high foot traffic areas.	caused by removal of washo
	3. Monitor portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material.	
nent soil	Utilize a licensed sanitary waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace	
	with properly operating unit.	
ings covered		HERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODI
watten & entities	EARTHEN STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT	1. Store and apply herbicides, p
round cover	1. Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least	restrictions.
ete, asphalt or	50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls	2. Store herbicides, pesticides a
	and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably	label, which lists directions fo
vith grass seed	available.	accidental poisoning.
	2. Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along toe of slope with a minimum offset of	3. Do not store herbicides, pesti
	five feet from the toe of stockpile.	possible or where they may s
	3. Provide stable stone access point when feasible.	or surface water. If a spill occ
ing	4. Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance	4. Do not stockpile these materi
culants.	with the approved plan and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined	
rol Measures.	as vegetative, physical or chemical coverage techniques that will restrain accelerated	
f Approved	erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control needs.	HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC WASTE
ions.		1. Create designated hazardous
discharging		2. Place hazardous waste contai
		3. Do not store hazardous chem
esistant cover		





waste collection areas on-site.

iners under cover or in secondary containment. nicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

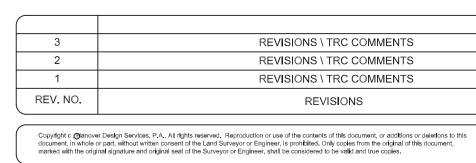


		PARTIII					
	SELF-INSPECTI	ON, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING	SELF-INSPECTION, REC	CORDKEEPING AND REPORTING			
below. When a personnel to be which it is safe t greater than 1.0 performed upor	F-INSPECTION are required duri dverse weather of in jeopardy, the i to perform the ins) inch occurs outsi n the commencem	ng normal business hours in accordance with the table r site conditions would cause the safety of the inspection nspection may be delayed until the next business day on spection. In addition, when a storm event of equal to or ide of normal business hours, the self-inspection shall be nent of the next business day. Any time when inspections e Inspection Record.	approved E&SC plan must be kept up-to-o	oproved deviation shall be kept on the site. The date throughout the coverage under this permit. SC plan shall be kept on site and available for ness hours.	SECTION C: REPOR 1. Occurrences tha Permittees shall	t Must be Repo	
						5 gallons or mor	
	Frequency	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Item to Document	Documentation Requirements		ess than 25 gallo	
Inspect	(during normal	Inspection records must include:	 (a) Each E&SC measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the 	Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date	· · · ·	e sheen on surfa ithin 100 foot of	
(1) Rain gauge maintained in good working order	business hours) Daily	Daily rainfall amounts. If no daily rain gauge observations are made during weekend or holiday periods, and no individual-day rainfall information is available, record the cumulative rain measurement for those un- attended days (and this will determine if a site inspection is needed). Days on which no rainfall occurred shall be recorded as	locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&SC plan.	and sign an inspection report that lists each E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC plan. This documentation is required upon the initial installation of the E&SC measures or if the E&SC measures are modified after initial installation.	(c) Releases of	vithin 100 feet of hazardous subst Clean Water Act 40 CFR 302.4) of	
(2) E&SC Measures	At least once per 7 calendar days	 "zero." The permittee may use another rain-monitoring device approved by the Division. 1. Identification of the measures inspected, 2. Date and time of the inspection, 	(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.	(e) Noncomplian	ypasses and una	
	and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	 Name of the person performing the inspection, Indication of whether the measures were operating properly, Description of maintenance needs for the measure, Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken. 	(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.	environment. 2. Reporting Timef After a permittee	rames and Othe	
(3) Stormwater discharge outfalls (SDOs)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain	 Identification of the discharge outfalls inspected, Date and time of the inspection, Name of the person performing the inspection, Evidence of indicators of stormwater pollution such as oil 	(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&SC measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.	contact the appropriate Di accordance with the other business hours may also b		
	event \geq 1.0 inch in 24 hours At least once per	sheen, floating or suspended solids or discoloration,5. Indication of visible sediment leaving the site,6. Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken.	(e) Corrective actions have been taken to E&SC measures.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate the completion of the corrective action.	Center personnel at (800) 8.		
(4) Perimeter of site (5) Streams or wetlands onsite or offsite (where accessible)	7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	 If visible sedimentation is found outside site limits, then a record of the following shall be made: 1. Actions taken to clean up or stabilize the sediment that has left the site limits, 2. Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken, and 3. An explanation as to the actions taken to control future releases. If the stream or wetland has increased visible sedimentation or a stream has visible increased turbidity from the construction activity, then a record of the following shall be made: 1. Description, evidence and date of corrective actions taken, and 2. Records of the required reports to the appropriate Division Regional Office per Part III, Section C, Item (2)(a) of this permit. 	 site and available for inspectors at all time Division provides a site-specific exemption this requirement not practical: (a) This General Permit as well as the Cer (b) Records of inspections made during the formation of the second se	Site bove, the following items shall be kept on the es during normal business hours, unless the n based on unique site conditions that make rtificate of Coverage, after it is received. he previous twelve months. The permittee shall	Occurrence (a) Visible sediment deposition in a stream or wetland	Reporting Time • Within 24 ho • Within 7 cale sediment and Division staff case-by-case • If the stream related cause monitoring, i	
(6) Ground stabilization measures	After each phase of grading	 The phase of grading (installation of perimeter E&SC measures, clearing and grubbing, installation of storm drainage facilities, completion of all land-disturbing activity, construction or redevelopment, permanent ground cover). Documentation that the required ground stabilization measures have been provided within the required timeframe or an assurance that they will be provided as soon as possible. 	Division or a similar inspection form t electronically-available records in lieu shown to provide equal access and ut 3. Documentation to be Retained for Three		(b) Oil spills and release of hazardous substances per Item	 Within 24 he shall include location of the second se	
NOTE: The rain	n inspection reset	s the required 7 calendar day inspection requirementart I,	of three years after project completion and	d made available upon request. [40 CFR 122.41]	1(b)-(c) above (c) Anticipated	A report at l	
NOTE. The fair	in inspection reset		SECTION G, ITEM (4) BASINS FOR MAINTENANCE OR CLOSE OUT		bypasses [40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)]	The report sl effect of the	
for maintenanc Non-surface wit (a) The E&SC shall not	ce or close out unle thdrawals from se C plan authority ha commence until t	eceive runoff from drainage areas of one acre or more shall ess this is infeasible. The circumstances in which it is not fea ediment basins shall be allowed only when all of the followin as been provided with documentation of the non-surface wi the E&SC plan authority has approved these items, al has been reported as an anticipated bypass in accordance	asible to withdraw water from the surface shall b g criteria have been met: ithdrawal and the specific time periods or condit	be rare (for example, times with extended cold weather). ions in which it will occur. The non-surface withdrawal	 (d) Unanticipated bypasses [40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)] (e) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit that may endanger health or the environment[40 	 Within 24 ho Within 7 cale quality and e Within 24 ho Within 7 cale noncomplian including exa been correct continue; an 	
(c) Dewateri properly	ing discharges are sited, designed ar	treated with controls to minimize discharges of pollutants f nd maintained dewatering tanks, weir tanks, and filtration sy f the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the ex	rom stormwater that is removed from the sedim stems,	nent basin. Examples of appropriate controls include	CFR 122.41(I)(7)]	 prevent reoc Division staff case-by-case 	

- (d) Vegetated, upland areas of the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the extent feasible at the outlet of the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above,
- (e) Velocity dissipation devices such as check dams, sediment traps, and riprap are provided at the discharge points of all dewatering devices, and
- (f) Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States.

NCG01 SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

For each open utility cut of City streets, a \$325 permit shall be required from the City prior to occupancy and/or project acceptance.	
Public Services • Engineering Division APPROVED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN Date: Permit # Signed:	Approved Construction Plan <u>Name</u> Date Planning Traffic Fire



PART III ION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING	
orted owing occurrences: n in a stream or wetland.	
ore, lons but cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours, face waters (regardless of volume), or of surface waters (regardless of volume).	
estances in excess of reportable quantities under Sectio Act (Ref: 40 CFR 110.3 and 40 CFR 117.3) or Section 1 or G.S. 143-215.85.	
inanticipated bypasses.	
nditions of this permit that may endanger health or the	
<i>her Requirements</i> vare of an occurrence that must be reported, he shall on regional office within the timeframes and in duirements listed below. Occurrences outside normal ported to the Department's Environmental Emergenc -0368.	
meframes (After Discovery) and Other Requirements <i>hours</i> , an oral or electronic notification.	
calendar days, a report that contains a description of the and actions taken to address the cause of the deposition. caff may waive the requirement for a written report on a ase basis.	
am is named on the <u>NC 303(d) list</u> as impaired for sediment uses, the permittee may be required to perform additional g, inspections or apply more stringent practices if staff e that additional requirements are needed to assure compli- ederal or state impaired-waters conditions.	
<i>hours</i> , an oral or electronic notification. The notification de information about the date, time, nature, volume and f the spill or release.	
t least ten days before the date of the bypass, if possible. t shall include an evaluation of the anticipated quality and he bypass.	
<i>hours</i> , an oral or electronic notification. <i>Calendar days,</i> a report that includes an evaluation of the d effect of the bypass.	
<i>hours</i> , an oral or electronic notification. <i>alendar days</i> , a report that contains a description of the iance, and its causes; the period of noncompliance, exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not ected, the anticipated time noncompliance is expected to	
and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and	

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

PRELIMINARY PLAN

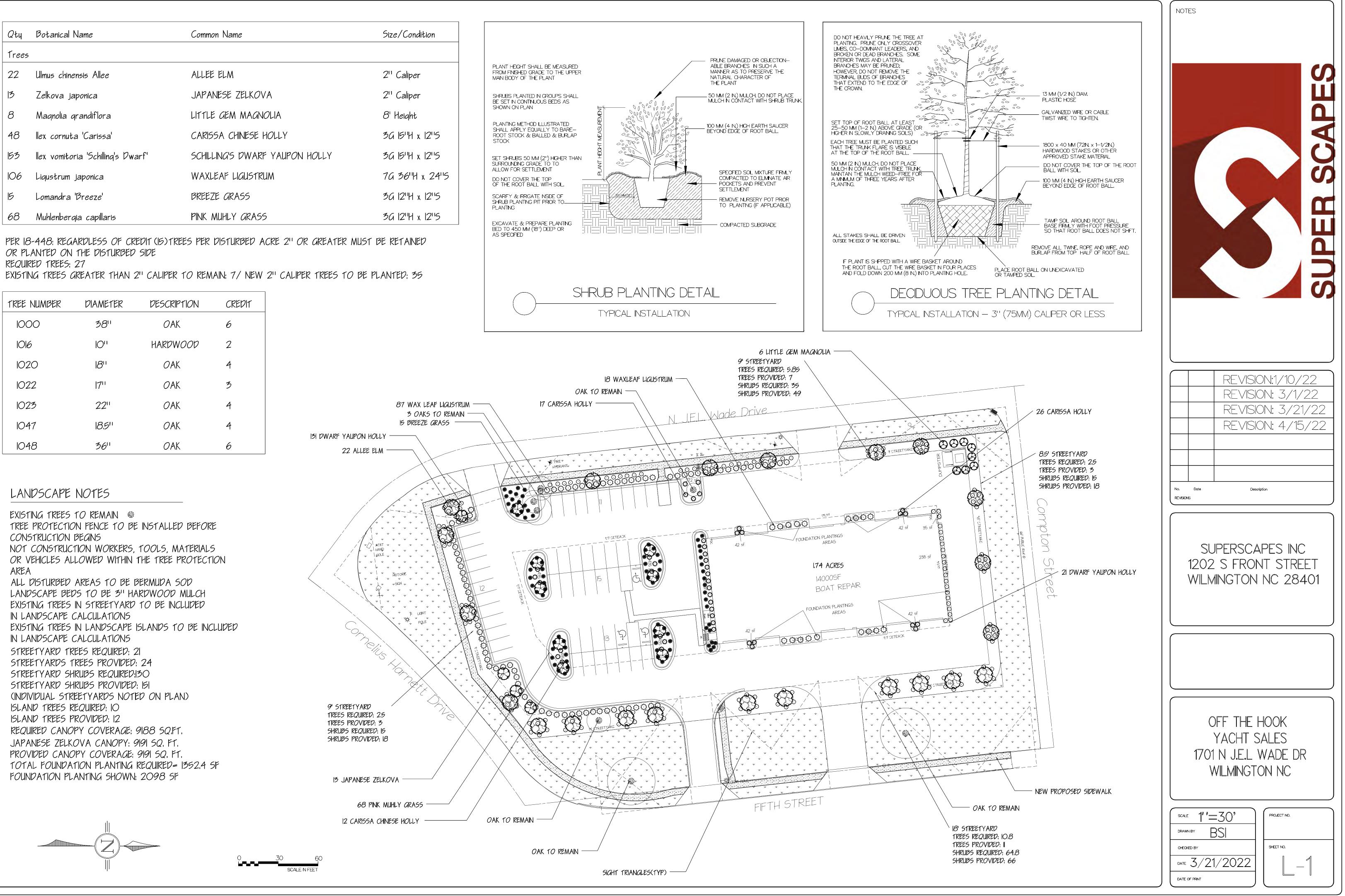


Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size/Condition
Trees	5		
22	Ulmus chinensis Allee	ALLEE ELM	2" Calip <i>e</i> r
13	Zelkova japonica	JAPANESE ZELKOVA	2" Calip <i>e</i> r
8	Maqnolia qrandiflora	LITTLE GEM MAGNOLIA	8' Height
48	llex cornuta 'Carissa'	CARISSA CHINESE HOLLY	3G 15"H x 12"
153	llex vomiłoria 'Schilling's Dwarf'	SCHILLING'S DWARF YAUPON HOLLY	3G 15"H x 12"5
106	Liqustrum japonica	WAXLEAF LIGUSTRUM	7G 36''H x 24
15	Lomandra 'Breeze'	BREEZE GRASS	3G 12"H x 12"
68	Muhlenberqia capillaris	PINK MUHLY GRASS	3G 12"H x 12"

OR PLANTED ON THE DISTURBED SIDE

REQUIRED TREES: 27

TREE NUMBER	DIAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CREDIT
1000	38"	OAK	6
1016	IO''	HARDWOOD	2
1020	1 <i>8</i> 11	OAK	4
1022	17''	OAK	3
1023	22''	OAK	4
1047	18.5"	OAK	4
1048	36"	OAK	6



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